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PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE'S 10 MOST ACTIVE STOCKS BY VALUE TURNOVER • DECEMBER 5, 2025 (PSEi snapshot on S1/2; article on S2/2)

ICT	P587.000	JFC	P179.600	BDO	P122.800	ALI	P20.400	MBT	P65.000	BPI	P116.000	URC	P62.000	CSB	P15.340	SM	P709.500	RCR	P7.980
Value	P928,412,860	Value	P736,293,109	Value	P723,382,103	Value	P356,379,981	Value	P305,846,439	Value	P257,523,613	Value	P149,201,764	Value	P123,661,918	Value	P113,242,850	Value	P110,368,489
P36.500	6.630%	P2.600	▲ 1.469 %	-P0.300	▼ -0.244%	P0.440	▲ 2.204 %	-P1.100	▼ -1.664 %	P1.000	▲ 0.870%	P0.000	— 0.000 %	-P1.460	▼ -8.690%	-P0.500	▼ -0.070%	P0.060	▲ 0.758 %

BSP to cut policy rate anew — poll

By Katherine K. Chan

THE BANGKO SENTRAL ng Pilipinas (BSP) is widely expected to ease for a fifth straight meeting on Thursday as economic growth slows and inflation remains below target, analysts said.

A BusinessWorld poll conducted last week showed that 17 out of 18 analysts surveyed expect the Monetary Board to cut the target reverse repurchase rate by 25 basis points (bps) on Dec. 11. This is the board's last policy review meeting of the year.

If realized, the benchmark rate will fall to 4.5% from the current 4.75%. At 4.5%, this would be the lowest policy rate in over three years or since the 4.25% in September 2022.

In the *BusinessWorld* poll, only one analyst, Pantheon Macroeconomics Chief Emerging Asia Economist Miguel Chanco, sees the BSP delivering a 50-bp

The central bank has so far reduced borrowing costs by a cumulative 175 bps since it began its easing cycle in August last year. It delivered a 25-bp cut at each of its meetings in April, June, August and October.

Moody's Analytics Assistant Director and Economist Sarah Tan said the dismal third-quarter growth and easing inflation print may prompt a 25-bp rate cut on Thursday.

"Weaker-than-expected third-quarter GDP (gross domestic product) growth and a low-inflation environment together strengthen the case for further easing, even as risks of stronger price pressures linger," she said in an e-mail. "These forces should outweigh concerns about the peso's recent depreciation."

In the July-to-September period. the Philippine GDP expanded by 4%, its slowest pace since the first quarter of 2021, as consumer and investor sentiment waned amid the ongoing public infrastructure corruption mess.

The country's economic growth averaged 5% in the nine-month period, below the government's 5.5-6.5% target

Cid L. Terosa, a senior economist at the University of Asia and the Pacific, said the BSP will likely deliver a 25-bp cut in light of slowing economic growth both here and abroad, as well as a weaker pace of household spending.

"(The Philippine economy) does not seem to show signs of recovering from the effect of corruption scandals all throughout the country," Mr. Terosa said.

For Mr. Chanco, the weaker-thanexpected GDP growth in the third quarter, coupled with benign inflation, could support a jumbo cut by the cen-

"A rate cut (on Dec. 11) is almost a given, the question is by how much, and we suspect that the very weak Q3 GDP print is reason enough for the Monetary Board to go with a larger 50-bp cut, especially with inflation still well under control," Mr. Chanco said in an e-mail.

In November, headline inflation eased to 1.5% from 1.7% in October and 2.5% a year earlier amid slower price increases in food and non-alcoholic beverages, with

food inflation posting a 0.3% decline during the month.

This brought the 11-month inflation average to 1.6%, below the BSP's 1.7% full-year projection. November marked the ninth month in a row that inflation undershot the BSP's 2-4% target.

Chinabank Research, which also anticipates a rate cut, said below-target inflation and well-anchored inflation expectations give the BSP room to continue easing.

"A more accommodative policy could also offer support for the Philippine economy, which grew weaker than expected in the third quarter and continues to face challenges from both the domestic and external fronts," Chinabank Research said.

BSP, S1/8

Banks' bad loans inch up to 3.33% in October

THE PHILIPPINE BANKING sector had slightly more bad debts in October than in the previous month, bringing its gross nonperforming loan (NPL) ratio to 3.33%, preliminary data from the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) showed.

The industry's gross NPL ratio inched up in October to 3.33% from 3.31% in September but improved from the over two-year high NPL ratio of 3.6% logged in

October also saw the highest bad loan ratio in two months or since the 3.5% in August.

forming once they remain unpaid for at least 90 days after the due date. These are deemed risk assets since borrowers are unlikely to pay.

Based on data from the central bank, soured loans slipped by 0.35% to P537.028 billion in October from P538.924 billion in September. However, it rose by 2.43% from P524.311 billion a year ago.

"The slight pickup in the NPL ratio could be partly due to the slower growth in bank loans in recent months that could have slowed the growth in the denominator, adverse effects of the series of storms (and) earthquakes in recent months that slowed down economic activities amid reduced number of working days," Rizal Commercial Banking Corp. Chief Economist Michael L. Ricafort said in a Viber message.

Earlier BSP data showed that outstanding loans extended by big banks climbed by an annual

10.3% to P13.793 trillion in October. However, this was the slowest lending growth in 16 months or since the 10.1% posted in June

Mr. Ricafort likewise attributed the uptick in banks' bad debts to the recent flood control corruption mess, which dampened infrastructure spending and limited business opportunities in the construction industry.

As of October, the banking system's total loan portfolio stood at P16.104 trillion, down 1.05% from the P16.276 trillion recorded in the previous month. Year on year, it went up by 10.68% from P14.55 trillion.

Past due loans inched up by 1.48% to P687.836 billion in October from P677.822 billion in September and by 7.33% from P640.881 billion a year earlier.

These borrowings are equivalent to 4.27% of the industry's total loan portfolio, higher than the 4.16% in September but below the 4.4% seen a year ago.

Restructured loans inched up by 0.02% month on month to P332.823 billion in October from P332.761 billion. It jumped by 13.69% from P292.749 billion in October last year.

This brought the restructured loans ratio to 2.07% in October, up from 2.04% in September and 2.01% a year prior.

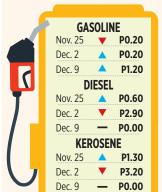
reserves amounted to P508.273 billion, up by 0.5% from P505.768 billion in September and by 4.26% from P487.523 billion a year ago.

Manila slips in Global Green Finance Index Manila fell four places to 91st out of 94 financial centers in the 16th edition of The Global Green Finance Index (GGFI) released by commercial think-tank Z/Yen Group as part of its Long Finance initiative. With an overall rating of 486, the Philippine capital ranked lowest among its East and Southeast Asian peers. The index assesses the quality and depth of green financial products of financial centers, tracking progress toward sustainable and responsible finance. GGFI 16 Rank 30 32 33 35 41 45 46 59 3 26 28 82 84 88 91 2 4 4 4 0 2 3 8 T. 14 SEOUL SHENZHEN BEIJING SHANGHAI QINGDAO TOKY0 OSAKA GUANGZHOU BANGKOK JAKARTA CENTER SINGAPORE BUSAN HONG KONG KUALA LUMPUR MANILA Singapore South Korea South Korea China China China China China Japan Japan China

Top 5			Bottom 5						
GGFI 16 Rank (Out of 94)	CENTER, Country	Rank Changes from GGFI 15	GGFI 16 Rating	GGFI 16 Rank (Out of 94)	CENTER, Country	Rank Changes from GGFI 15			
1	ZURICH, Switzerland	1	591	94	BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS, British Virgin Islands	₩0	466		
2	LONDON, United Kingdom	— 1	589	93	MUMBAI, India	2	482		
3	SINGAPORE, Singapore	● 0	586	92	CAYMAN ISLANDS, Cayman Islands	1	483		
4	GENEVA, Switzerland	⇔ 0	581	91	MANILA, Philippines	4 4	486		
5	AMSTERDAM, The Netherlands	1 0	580	90	CYPRUS, Cyprus	₩0	487		

Meanwhile, banks' loan loss Bad loans, S1/8

FUEL PRICE TRACKER



• Dec. 9, 12:01 a.m. — Caltex Philippines • Dec. 9, 6 a.m. — Petron Corp.; Phoenix Petroleum; Shell Pilipinas Corp.; PTT Philippines Corp.; Seaoil Philippines, Inc. • Dec. 9, 8:01 a.m. - Cleanfuel (Shaw Autogas, Inc.)

BoI investment pledges decline by 48%

By Justine Irish D. Tabile

THE BOARD of Investments (BoI) has approved P816.81 billion worth of investment pledges as of November, dropping by 48.3% from the P1.58 trillion in pledges approved in the same period a year ago.

At the same time, the value of green lane-certified projects breached the P6-trillion mark, it

In a statement, the BoI said it greenlit 261 projects, which are expected to create 32,864 jobs, in

the first 11 months. These investment pledges are mainly in the sectors of en-

ergy and electricity (P479.78 billion), airports and seaports (P195.69 billion), manufacturing (P58.99 billion), mass housing (P37.55 billion), and information and communication (P21.27 billion).

"These figures reflect the strong inflow of high-value investments that strengthen our economy. But we will not slow down," said Trade Secretary and BoI Chair Ma. Cristina A. Roque in a statement on Monday.

"The P816.81 billion in approved investments to date sends a clear signal to local and foreign investors: the Philippines is an ideal, competitive, and futureready business destination," she

The top country sources of investments were Singapore (P74.78 billion), Thailand (P7.75 billion), and the US (P5.38 billion).

However, the approvals for the first 11 months are far below the P1.75-trillion target set by the BoI

At P816.81 billion, the agency is only hitting 46.67%, or less than half of what it projected for 2025.

Rizal Commercial Banking Corp. Chief Economist Michael L. Ricafort said the decline in investment approvals could be partly attributed to weatherrelated disruptions, which have reduced the number of working days for government offices.



Expanding financial access

WeFund Lending Corp. (JuanHand) has secured a multi-million-peso credit facility with HSBC in the Philippines for providing immediate access to financing to underserved yet creditworthy individuals. (From left, in photo) WeFund COO Joseph Ruan, FinVolution Group CEO Tim Li, WeFund President and CEO Francisco "Coco" Mauricio, HSBC Head of Structured Banking for Southeast Asia Shaun Sakhrani, FinVolution Group Head of International Business Xiaodong Sun have signed this partnership.

See advertorial on \$1/2.

Z/Yen Group's The Global Green Finance Index 16 (https://www.longfinance.net/

programmes/financial-centre-futures/

global-green-finance-index/) BusinessWorld Research:

BusinessWorld Graphics: