

PSEi

OPEN: 6,026.11

CLOSE: 6,052.33

LOW:

6,078.37

6,002.98

1.955 B

6350

OCTOBER 13, 2025

TAIWAN (WEIGHTED)

THAILAND (SET INDEX)*

JAPAN (NIKKEI 225)* 48,088.80 HONG KONG (HANG SENG) 25,889.48

CLOSE

26,923.42

1,286.98

▼ -491.64 -1.01 ▼ -400.84 -1.52 ▼ -378.50 -1.39 ▼ -27.01 -2.06

usinessWord

FX

HIGH

CLOSE

W.AVE.

VOL.

LOW

P58.222

P58.120

P58.265

P58.245

P58.197

\$1,657.40



PREVIOUS 73.50 \$64.90/BBL 1.3358 1.1618 0.6469

 CANOMERA (KSE COMPOSITE) 3,584.55
SINGAPORE (STRAITS TIMES) 4,393.50
SYDMEY (ALL ORDINARIES) 8,882.80
MALAYSIA (KLSE COMPOSITE) 1,615.19
CLOSING PRICE AS OF OCT. 10, 2025
✓ -7.06 -0.44 VAL(P): 4.920 B 30 DAYS TO OCTOBER 13, 2025 30 DAYS TO OCTOBER 13, 2025 SOURCE : BAP **30 DAYS TO OCTOBER 10, 2025** TUESDAY • OCTOBER 14, 2025 • www.bworldonline.com **S1/1-12 • 2 SECTIONS, 16 PAGES** VOL. XXXIX • ISSUE 57

OCTOBER 10, 2025

Dow Jones

NASDAQ

S&P 500

FTSE 100

Euro Stoxx50

CLOSE

4,701.040

45.479.600 **T** -878.820

22,204.430 ▼ -820.196

6.552.510 -182.600

9.427.470 -81.930

NET

-66.300

57.06

57.62

PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE'S 10 MOST ACTIVE STOCKS BY VALUE TURNOVER • OCTOBER 13, 2025 (PSEi snapshot on S1/4; article on S2/2)

P545.000 P43.500 P23.600 P135.000 **ALI** P23.150 P472.000 P107.000 P735.000 Value P1,078,266,140 P273,171,235 Value P250,843,385 P239,258,344 Value P210,940,090 P208,427,148 Value P147,347,005 Value P126,666,555 P122,300,093 -P0.700 ▼ -2.881% -P0.100 ▼ -0.430% 0.000%

House OKs budget bill on 3rd reading

BSP seen to cut policy rate to 4% by 2026

THE Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) will likely deliver three more rate cuts until 2026 to support the economy amid an anticipated slowdown, Fitch Solutions' unit BMI said.

"(T)he BSP is poised to frontload easing to support the economy," BMI said in an Oct. 10 note. "As such, we now expect BSP to cut by 25 basis points (bps) at its final meeting in 2025 in December to 4.5% and by another 50 bps in 2026."

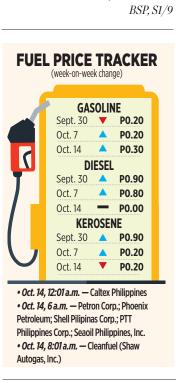
The Monetary Board on Thursday delivered a surprise 25bp cut, bringing the target reserve repurchase rate to 4.75%, the lowest in over three years.

BSP Governor Eli M. Remolona, Jr. had said weakening business sentiment and investor confidence amid the ongoing flood control corruption scandal led to the Monetary Board's decision

BMI said it expects the Philippine economy to grow by 5.4% this year, before slowing to 5.2% in 2026, citing weak business sentiment due to the corruption mess and trade uncertainty.

This is below the government's 5.5-6.5% gross domestic product (GDP) growth target for this year and the 6-7% goal for 2026.

"Our 5.2% growth forecast for 2026 is well below the government's target of 6-7%. For one, the US-Philippines trade deal, which leaves 19% tariffs on Philippine goods in exchange for none on American ones, will weigh on the trade balance in 2026," BMI said.



HOW PROTECTED IS THE PHILIPPINES AGAINST FRAUD? The Philippines ranked 84th out of 112 countries in the 2025 Global Fraud Index by verification service firm Sumsub, scoring 3.38 — above the global average of 2.79. The index provides a comprehensive analysis of each country's susceptibility to fraud across four weighted pillars: fraud activity (50%), resource accessibility (20%), government intervention (20%), and economic health (10%). 3.47 3.43 Philippines' Profile, 2025 Overall 3.38 Economic Health 0.43 2.79 Government Intervention 0.68 1.58 Fraud Activity Resource Accessibility 1.69 (Global Average Score: **2.79**) 1.93 1.96 8 1 MONGOLIA HONG KONG, SAR PHILIPPINES CAMBODIA INDONESIA **Countries Most Protected Against Fraud Countries Least Protected Against Fraud** 2025 Score 0.80 112 **Pakistan** 9 7.48 Luxembourg Denmark 88.0 Indonesia 6.53 **Finland** 1.03 110 Nigeria New 6.43 3 Norway 1.07 109 India 6.16 The Netherlands 1.12 108 Tanzania New 5.49 1.20 107 Uganda 5.38 Switzerland New **New Zealand** Bangladesh 5.34 1.22 106 4.92 Sweden 1.24 Rwanda Austria 1.24 104 Azerbaijan 31 4.89 10 1.36 103 4.76 Singapore Sri Lanka

By Kenneth Christiane L. **Basilio** Reporter

OCTOBER 13, 2025

US\$/Euro

US\$/AUST DOLLAR

Swiss Franc/US\$

CANADA DOLLAR/US\$ 1.4000

CLOSE

1.3333

1.1591

0.6519

0.8030

1.4004

PREVIOUS

151.1500

30.6790

32.6500

1.2965

OCTOBER 13, 2025 LATEST BID (0900GMT)

152.2300

30.6700

32.5300

1.2976

16,555.000 \(\bigvert \) 16,545.000

JAPAN (YEN)

TAIWAN (NT DOLLAR)

THAILAND (BAHT)

SINGAPORE (DOLLAR)

INDONESIA (RUPIAH)

6.53

THE HOUSE of Representatives on Monday passed on final reading the proposed P6.793trillion national budget for 2026, concluding 62 days of deliberations marked by heightened scrutiny over a widening corruption scandal involving flood control projects.

Majority or 287 congressmen approved the revised budget bill that rechanneled the bulk of funding from numerous flood control projects under the Public Works department to priority sectors such as education, in a move aimed at strengthening human capital development.

Twelve congressmen voted against the measure, while two opted to abstain from voting.

"This budget cycle is unprecedented," Nueva Ecija Rep. Mikaela Angela B. Suansing, who heads the House Appropriations Committee, told the floor. "We needed to navigate through complexities while implementing sweeping

reforms in long-standing budget processes and traditions.

Lawmakers deliberated on House Bill No. 4058 or the 2026 General Appropriations Act against the backdrop of the multibillionpeso flood control controversy, drawing in closer-than-normal scrutiny amid calls to make the budget process more transparent.

The 2026 spending plan, which was 7.4% higher than this year's national budget, saw a select committee of lawmakers redirecting P201.1 billion or 78.86% of the P255 billion worth of funding originally intended for flood control infrastructure primarily towards education, food and healthcare sectors.

The House sub-committee on Budget Amendments Review last week finalized a P56.6-billion increase in education sector funding under the proposed budget, bringing total allocations to a record P1.28 trillion, Ms. Suansing said.

This includes a hike in allocation for the Education department's new classroom funding by P35.09 billion. "[This] will translate to around 25,200 new and rehabilitated classrooms," said Ms. Suansing.

Budget, S1/3

Demonetizing large peso bills may harm economy

DEMONETIZING P1,000 and P500 bills as an anti-money laundering measure may bring more harm than good to the economy, (BSP) official said.

"It's a tantalizing proposal, but it's not so simple," BSP Governor Eli M. Remolona, Jr. told reporters on Monday. "To me, it's like, you know the saying, you cut off your nose just to spite your face. You're doing more damage than benefits."

Mr. Remolona made the statement in response to former Finance Secretary Cesar V. Purisima's suggestion to demonetize P1,000 and P500 bills to curb corruption, as it would make it more difficult to transport large sums

 $Some \, law makers, Public \, Works$ officials and private contractors have been embroiled in alleged corruption scandal involving flood control projects. In a Senate hearing last month, two former Public Works district engineers claimed that around P1 billion in cash was packed in suitcases and delivered to a lawmaker.

"Parang nabigla lang dun sa sight ng suitcases (I think they were just shocked at the sight of the suitcases). But if you think about it, it's not going to stop these guys," Mr. Remolona said.

The BSP chief also said the measure could only cause a small inconvenience for "corrupt contractors" but would burden many people, considering how widely used the large bills are.

"The P1,000 is used a lot. For a small inconvenience for corrupt contractors, vou're going to make life hard for many people," he said.

Mr. Remolona said the BSP is still reviewing the suggestion and has yet to decide on it.

BSP Assistant Governor Maria Margarita Debuque-Gonzales also said the central bank is working on a paper that would detail the implications of demonetizing high-value peso bills.

Meanwhile, Mr. Remolona said the central bank's daily cash withdrawal limit has been effective in deterring potential money laundering amid the ongoing corruption issue.

Peso bills, S1/9

Meralco rates go up in October on higher generation charge

By Sheldeen Joy Talavera Reporter

CUSTOMERS served by Manila Electric Co. (Meralco) will have to tighten their belts this month as the company hikes electricity rates due to higher costs of power purchased from suppliers.

In a statement on Monday, the power distributor said it is increasing the overall rate by P0.2331 per kilowatt-hour (kWh) to P13.3182 per kWh in October from P13.0851 per kWh in the previous month.

For households consuming 200 kWh, this means an increase of around P47 in their electricity bill. Those consuming 300 kWh, 400 kWh, and 500 kWh will have to pay an additional P70, P93, and P117 this month, respectively.

"Primarily, the driver (for the rate hike) was the increase in generation charge of 19 centavos per kWh following the 26-centavo reduction last month," Meralco Vice-President and Head of Corporate Communications Joe R. Zaldarriaga said at a news briefing.

Charges from independent power producers (IPPs) and power supply agreements (PSAs) rose by P0.3622 and P0.3567 per kWh, respectively, as the peso's weakness against the US dollar affected their costs.

The peso closed at P58.196 per dollar on Sept. 30, weakening by P1.07 from its P57.13 finish on Aug. 29.

This month's generation charge also reflected the impact

of the interim extension of Meralco's power purchase agreement as approved by the Energy Regulatory Commission.

Tempering the increase in the generation charge was the P2.0688 per kWh reduction in charges from the Wholesale Electricity Spot Market (WESM), due to lower peak demand in Luzon.

IPPs, PSAs, and WESM accounted for 21%, 74%, and 5%, respectively, of Meralco's total energy requirement for October. Meralco, S1/9



St. Michael's College of Laguna breaks ground for new hall Leading the groundbreaking ceremony for the three-storey Beatriz Limaco Almeda Hall were (from left) SMCL President Lourdes Almeda Sese, SMCL Director Anthony L. Almeda, and SMCL Lingap Foundation Chairman Fr. Mita Rufino.

See related advertorial on \$1/2.