



DUBAI CRUDE OIL SEPTEMBER 26, 2025 CLOSE SEPTEMBER 29, 2025 LATEST BID (0900GMT) SEPTEMBER 29, 2025 CLOSE **SEPTEMBER 29, 2025 PSEi** 56.50 FX CLOSE NET **PREVIOUS PREVIOUS** \$70.60/BBL 45,043.75 JAPAN (NIKKEI 225) -311.24 -0.69 JAPAN (YEN) 148.5700 A
HONG KONG (HK DOLLAR) 7.7811 6230 OPEN P58.000 OPEN: 6,042.94 46,247.290 🔺 299.970 149.4900 US\$/UK POUND 1.3441 **1.3400** 494.68 1.89 Hong Kong (Hang Seng) 26,622.88 HIGH P57.945 7.7792 NASDAQ 6110 22,484.068 🔺 99.371 57.42 HIGH: 6,059.09 US\$/Euro 1.1723 1.1701 TAIWAN (WEIGHTED)\* 25,580.32 **▼** -443.53 30.4540 ▼ 30.4440 TAIWAN (NT DOLLAR) LOW 10W· 5 984 09 S&P 500 6,643.700 38.980 IIS\$/Aust DOLLAR THAILAND (SET INDEX) 0.6566 0.6546 1,291.90 13.16 1.03 THAILAND (BAHT) 32.2400 CLOSE P58.145 3,431.21 S.KOREA (KSE COMPOSITE) FTSE 100 9.284.830 🔺 70.850 CLOSE: 5,997.60 S. KOREA (WON) 1,400.0300 🔺 1,409.4500 CANADA DOLLAR/US\$ 1.3919  $\blacksquare$ 1.3942 W.AVE. P58.042 SINGAPORE (STRAITS TIMES) 4,272.34 6.36 EURO STOXX50 4.605.200 A 1.2895 1.2910 SINGAPORE (DOLLAR) Swiss Franc/US\$ 0.7963 1.372 B VOL.: VOL. \$1,474.07 Sydney (ALL Ordinaries) 8.862.80 75.10 0.85 30 DAYS TO SEPTEMBER 29, 2025 VAL(P): 4.720 B MALAYSIA (KLSE COMPOSITE) 1,610.95 30 DAYS TO SEPTEMBER 29, 2025 SOURCE: BAP 30 DAYS TO SEPTEMBER 26, 2025 4.2120 \$1/1-12 • 2 SECTIONS, 16 PAGES TUESDAY • SEPTEMBER 30, 2025 • www.bworldonline.com **VOL. XXXIX • ISSUE 47** 

PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE'S 10 MOST ACTIVE STOCKS BY VALUE TURNOVER • SEPTEMBER 29, 2025 (PSEi snapshot on S1/2; article on S2/2)

ICT P740.000 P135.000 P481.000 P7.550 P24.700 P492.400 P25.250 Value P148,474,520 P138,392,947 Value P130,587,134 Value P112,383,135 P94,737,656 P623,222,075 **Value** P446,112,556 Value Value P140,134,990 P116,754,590 Value Value Value P90,556,000 **▼** -2.597% P0.120 P0.440 **A** 5.641% P0.930 -P13.000 ▼ -2.632% **2.927**% P8.000 **1.093**% -P0.650 **▼** -2.564% -P2.600 **▼** -0.132% **9.698**%

# DA eyes extending rice import ba

By Adrian H. Halili Reporter

THE Department of Agriculture (DA) is considering extending the

ban on rice imports until the end of the year, as farmgate prices of palay or unmilled rice continue

"I met with the President last week and we decided to extend the import ban by a minimum of 30 days," Agriculture Secretary Francisco P. Tiu Laurel, Jr. told reporters in mixed English and Filipino at the House of Representatives on Monday.

"It is possible that it will be extended until the end of the year

depending on the situation. The problem is that palay prices have dropped," he added.

President Ferdinand R. Marcos, Jr. had earlier ordered a 60-day suspension of rice imports starting Sept. 1 to pro-

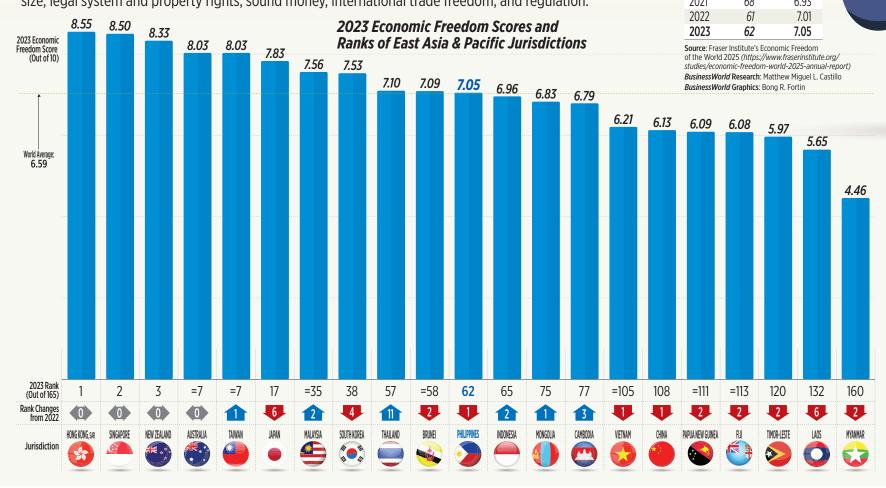
tect Filipino farmers during harvest season and to stabilize rice prices. The suspension was originally supposed to end on Nov. 2 and applies only to regular milled and well-milled

Last Friday, Presidential Communications Office Undersecretary Clarissa A. Castro said the President ordered the extension of the import ban but did not give

*Rice, S1/9* 

## IPPINES SLIPS IN ECONOMIC FREEDOM

The Philippines fell one spot to  $62^{nd}$  out of 165 economies — its lowest rank since 2021 — in the latest edition of Fraser Institute's Economic Freedom of the World report. Despite the dip, the country's score edged up to 7.05 out of 10, beating the global average of 6.59. The index, based on 2023 data, evaluates five areas; government size, legal system and property rights, sound money, international trade freedom, and regulation.



#### Philippines' **Historical Performance** Rank (Out of 165) Overall Score Year

2019 61 7.20 2020 65 6.96 68 6.93 2021



## Legal System & Property Rights **Most Economically Free Jurisdictions**

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### **Least Economically Free Jurisdictions**

2023 Rank (Out of 165)	Jurisdiction	2023 Economic Freedom Score (Out of 10)
165	Venezuela	3.11
164	Zimbabwe	3.91
163	Sudan	4.00
162	Algeria	4.24
161	Iran	4.37

## PHL needs to boost liquidity to join JPMorgan bond index

By Aaron Michael C. Sy Reporter

THE Philippines should focus on boosting the liquidity and increasing the size of benchmark bonds to ensure the inclusion in JPMorgan Chase & Co.'s Government Bond Index-Emerging Markets (GBI-EM) by 2026, analysts said.

At the same time, National Treasurer Sharon P. Almanza said she is hopeful that the Philippines will be officially included in the bond index after the six- to nine-month assessment period.

Liquidity, S1/11

## Philippines declines a spot in economic freedom index

By Justine Irish D. Tabile Reporter

THE Philippines slipped one spot in a global index on economic freedom, despite improvements in some areas, according to the Canada-based think tank Fraser Institute.

The country ranked 62<sup>nd</sup> out of 165 economies in conservative think tank's Economic Freedom of the World report, which uses 2023 data. In the previous year's index, the Philippines ranked 61st place.

This was the Philippines' lowest placement in the index in two years, or since it ranked 68th in 2021.

Despite the lower ranking, the country's score inched up to 7.05 out of 10 in 2023 from 7.01 in 2022.

Among Asia-Pacific jurisdictions, the Philippines lagged behind Hong Kong (8.55), Singapore (8.50), New Zealand (8.33), Australia (8.03), Taiwan (8.03), Japan (7.83), Malaysia (7.56), South Korea (7.53), Thailand (7.10), and Brunei Darussalam (7.09).

Economic freedom, S1/11

# Foreign debt service bill falls to \$6.72 billion

### By Katherine K. Chan

THE Philippines' external debt service burden dropped to \$6.72 billion in the first half of the year as less foreign loans were due for repayment, preliminary data from the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) showed.

Debt service on external borrowings went down by 6.2% to \$6.72 billion as of June from \$7.164 billion in the same period in 2024.

Broken down, principal payments declined by 13.1% year on year to \$2.77 billion in the Januaryto-June period from \$3.189 billion.

Meanwhile, interest payments dipped by 0.7% in the first six months to \$3.949 billion as of end-June from \$3.976 billion last year.

"The decline in the Philippines' external debt service burden in the first half mainly reflects lower principal repayments as fewer foreign obligations matured, alongside liability management efforts

Foreign debt, S1/11