

usinessWorld



SEPTEMBER 5, 2025 CLOSE SEPTEMBER 8, 2025 LATEST BID (0900GMT) SEPTEMBER 8, 2025 SEPTEMBER 8, 2025 **PSEi** FX **PREVIOUS** CLOSE PREVIOUS \$69.20/BBL JAPAN (NIKKEI 225) 43,643.81 HONG KONG (HANG SENG) 25,633.91 P56.777 45,400.860 JAPAN (YEN) 147.7000 OPEN: 6,162.01 **▼** -220,430 147.3800 Dow Jones 1.3512 1.3506 P56.670 HIGH NASDAQ 21,700.388 -7.306 6,170.24 US\$/Euro 1.1717 24,547.38 1.1725 TAIWAN (WEIGHTED) P56.930 TAIWAN (NT DOLLAR) 30.4840 30,4780 LOW S&P 500 6,481.500 🔻 -20.580 LOW: 6,101.86 THAILAND (SET INDEX) 1,265.82 US\$/AUST DOLLAR 0.6583 0.6554 31.8600 32.0400 THAILAND (BAHT) CLOSE P56.690 FTSE 100 9 208 210 -8.660 CLOSE: 6.101.86 S.KOREA (KSE COMPOSITE) 3,219.59 1,389.8600 CANADA DOLLAR/US\$ 1.3819 \blacksquare 1.3829 W.AVE. P56.802 SINGAPORE (STRAITS TIMES) 4,309.00 Euro Stoxx50 4,546.650 SINGAPORE (DOLLAR) 1.2833 1.2843 VOL.: 2.699 B SWISS FRANC/US\$ 0.7959 Sydney (All Ordinaries) 8,849.60 VOL. \$1,319.05 16,300.000 16,415.00 INDONESIA (RUPIAH) VAL(P): 5.717 B MALAYSIA (KLSE COMPOSITE) 1.585.59 30 DAYS TO SEPTEMBER 8, 2025 7.44 0.47 30 DAYS TO SEPTEMBER 8, 2025 SOURCE : BAP TUESDAY • SEPTEMBER 9, 2025 • www.bworldonline.com **S1/1-12 • 2 SECTIONS, 16 PAGES** VOL. XXXIX • ISSUE 32

PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE'S 10 MOST ACTIVE STOCKS BY VALUE TURNOVER • SEPTEMBER 8, 2025 (PSEi snapshot on S1/2; article on S2/2)

P134.500 P107.000 P751.000 P482.400 P68.000 P28.200 SCC P34.850 P16.960 P19.920 P540.500 P422,573,499 P416,453,220 Value P381,146,740 Value P366,478,587 P336,750,310 Value P316,305,330 P198,591,715 Value P149,649,578 P148,552,120 -P5.400 ▼ -1.107% -P1.500 ▼ -2.158% -P12.500 ▼ -1.637% 0.825% -P0.700 ▼ -2.422% 5.287% -P1.680 ∇ **-7.778**%

Analysts see BSP pause in October

By Katherine K. Chan

THE BANGKO SENTRAL ng Pilipinas (BSP) may hold off further monetary easing in October after inflation rose to a fivemonth high in August, with analysts expecting the central bank to deliver its last interest rate cut for the year in December.

Union Bank of the Philippines (UnionBank) Chief Economist Ruben Carlo O. Asuncion said it would be difficult for the BSP to

justify another reduction in borrowing costs next month given the rebound in price pressures.

"Given the upside surprise in headline and core inflation, a rate cut in October looks unlikely," Mr. Asuncion said in an e-mailed reply to questions. "It is difficult to justify a BSP rate cut as both cyclical and structural inflation measures tilt upward."

Security Bank Chief Economist Angelo B. Taningco said the Monetary Board would likely pause in October "in light of the rising inflationary pressures." "However, we still maintain our view for the BSP to conduct its fourth 25-basis-point (bp) rate cut for the year in December," he said in an e-mail.

Headline inflation quickened to 1.5% in August from 0.9% in July, mainly due to typhoon-driven spikes in vegetable and fish prices. It was faster than market expectations but slower than 3.3% a year earlier.

The August rate fell within the BSP's 1-1.8% forecast but exceeded the 1.3% median estimate in a BusinessWorld poll of 16 analysts. It also marked the sixth straight month that inflation remained below the BSP's 2-4% target.

For the first eight months, inflation averaged 1.7%, matching the central bank's 2025 forecast.

Reinielle Matt M. Erece, an economist at Oikonomia Advisory and Research, Inc., said the August outcome would weigh heavily on the BSP's next policy move.

"While inflation from the previous months went below analysts' expectations, the August reading went beyond," he said in a Viber message. "Thus, we may see a more cautious and calibrated approach from the central bank with regard to the timing of the next rate cut."

In a report, Deutsche Bank also noted that inflation risks in the coming months could prompt a pause in October, though it still expects easing to resume in December.

The BSP lowered the benchmark interest rate by 25 bps to 5% on Aug. 28, its third straight cut since August 2024. In total, it has reduced rates by 150 bps this cycle.

BSP Governor Eli M. Remolona, Jr. earlier signaled that

there could be room for one more adjustment before yearend but stressed that the easing cycle is nearly complete.

Emilio S. Neri, Jr., chief economist at Bank of the Philippine Islands, said the central bank's stance reflects concerns about inflationary risks next year.

"(Mr. Remolona) is probably foreseeing the changes in inflation next year," he told Money Talks with Cathy Yang on One News. "We will be on an uptick that could lead to a breach."

BSP, S1/9

Metro Manila rental yields seen subdued amid high vacancies

By Beatriz Marie D. Cruz Reporter

RESIDENTIAL RENTAL YIELDS in some parts of Metro Manila are expected to remain weak this year as developers grapple with unsold condominium units and elevated vacancy rates, property con-

"The current oversupply of condominiums in Metro Manila has placed downward pressure on rental yields," Jamie S. Dela Cruz, research manager at KMC Savills, said in an e-mailed reply to questions. "The exit of PO-GOs (Philippine offshore gaming operators), which previously boosted demand, has further softened the

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The importance

intellectual property

PROTECTING the intellectual property

of Filipino innovators could help

reduce the brain drain in the

Philippines, the Department of

>>> https://tinyurl.com/2adnupmc

Science and Technology said.

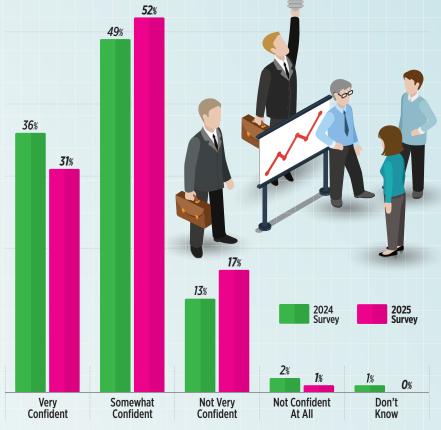
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Data from Colliers Philippines showed rental yields in Metro Manila condominiums rose slightly to 4.2% in the second quarter from 4% in 2019. However, the firm said a meaningful recovery is unlikely in the near term.

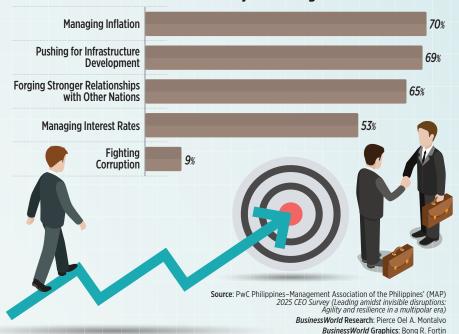
"We do not see a significant improvement in Metro Manila residential yields for the remainder of 2025 up to 2026 as we are still projecting vacancy rates to hover between 25% and 26%," Joey Roi H. Bondoc, director and head of research at Colliers Philippines, said in an e-mail.

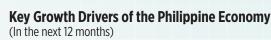
Colliers data showed that as of the second quarter, 30,500 ready-for-occupancy units remained unsold. Of the total, 32% were from the lower middle-income segment valued at P3.6 million to P6.99 million, while 22% were from the affordable segment priced at P2.5 million to P3.59 million.

PWC-MAP 2025 CEO SURVEY FEWER CEOS REMAIN CONFIDENT IN INDUSTRY PROSPECTS **Confidence Among CEOs in Industry Prospects** (In the next 12 months)



Areas Where the Government is Currently Performing Well







StanChart expects Fed to cut rates by 50 bps next week after weak job data

STANDARD CHARTERED (StanChart) expects the US Federal Reserve to cut interest rates by 50 basis points (bps) at its policy meeting this month, double its earlier projection of a 25-bp reduction, following a soft August job report.

Data on Friday showed US job growth weakened sharply in August and the unemployment rate rose to a near four-year high of 4.3%, confirming a softening labor market and bolstering the case for a rate cut this month. In a client note on Friday, the brokerage said that the labor market had shifted "from solid to soft in less than six weeks."

"August labor market data has paved the way for a 'catch-up' 50-basis-point rate cut at the September FOMC (Federal Open Market Committee) meeting, similar to what occurred at this time last year."

After a 50-bp cut, the market could take time to price in a slower subsequent pace of cuts, the brokerage added.

Meanwhile, Morgan Stanley and Deutsche Bank do not consider the

August job report weak enough to warrant a 50-bp rate cut in September, though they noted it could pave the way for reductions at consecutive meetings.

Last month, Fed Chairman Jerome H. Powell signaled a rate cut was possible at the Sept. 16-17 policy meeting, citing rising labor market risks, while cautioning that inflation remained a threat.

Barclays revised its forecast on Friday to include 25-bp reductions at each of the remaining meetings this year, while Macquarie brought forward its expected December cut to October.

Bank of America also revised its outlook, now expecting 25-bp cuts each in September and December, after previously forecasting no cuts this year.

Markets are pricing in a 90% chance of a 25-bp rate cut next week and a 10% probability of a larger 50-bp reduction, according to the CME FedWatch Tool.

Reuters

PHL CEOs upbeat despite corruption worries

By Justine Irish D. Tabile

MOST Filipino executives remain confident about their industry outlook for the next 12 months but remain dissatisfied with the government's handling of corruption, a survey by PwC Philippines and the Management Association of the Philippines (MAP) showed.

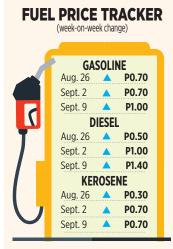
Of 175 chief executive officers (CEO) surveyed, 83% expressed confidence in business prospects over the next year, with 31% saying they were "very confident." However, this is slightly lower than last year's 85% as CEOs weigh external risks such as the US reciprocal tariff and global geopolitical tensions.

"In general, all the sectors are growing," Karen Patricia A. Rogacion, deals and corporate finance partner at PwC Philippines, told a news briefing on Monday. "That's why we need to really have a very responsive government."

She said executives remain positive about their industries but are mindful that optimism could be tempered by shifting trade rules and geopolitical disruptions.

PwC said 31% were "very confident" compared with 36% last year, and 52% were "somewhat confident" compared with 49% in 2024. The share of those who were "not very confident" rose to 17% from 13%.

CEOs, S1/10



• Sept. 9, 12:01 a.m. — Caltex Philippines • Sept. 9, 6 a.m. — Petron Corp.; Phoenix Petroleum; Shell Pilipinas Corp.; PTT Philippines Corp.; Seaoil Philippines, Inc. • Sept. 9, 8:01 a.m. — Cleanfuel (Shaw Autogas, Inc.)