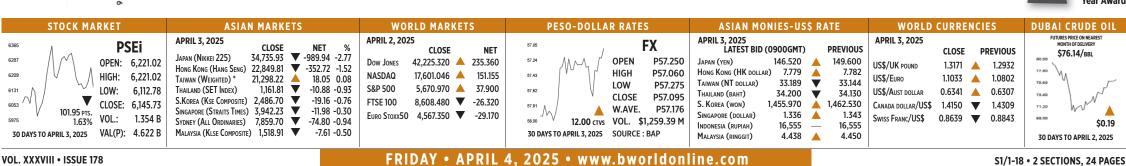


# usinessVorlo





PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE'S 10 MOST ACTIVE STOCKS BY VALUE TURNOVER • APRIL 3, 2025 (PSEi snapshot on S1/2; article on S2/2)

P133.900 P1,250.000 P35.650 P550.000 P566.000 P353.000 P155.600 P23.750 P785.000 P124,091,325 P609,416,724 Value P542,818,570 Value P356,937,914 **Value** P268,219,305 Value P256,289,640 Value P176,442,020 Value P174,140,280 Value P172,910,850 **Value** Value P116,953,040 -P10.000 ▼ -0.794% -P4.200 ▼ -3.041% P8.000 **▼ -2.378**% **▼** -3.114% -P2.400 **▼** -1.519% -P1.600 ▼ -4.295% -P0.150 ▼ -0.628% **1.476**% -P25.000 ▼ -4.230% -P7.000 ▼ -0.884%

## US slaps higher tariff on Philippines

By Aubrey Rose A. Inosante and Justine Irish D. Tabile

Reporters

US PRESIDENT Donald J. Trump is imposing a bigger-than-expected tariff on Philippine exports to the United States, as part of a broader reciprocal tariff plan that will apply to all its trading partners.

However, Philippine government officials downplayed its impact, saying this was still lower than tariffs imposed on the rest of Southeast Asia.

Finance Secretary Ralph G. Recto said on Thursday that

the Philippine economy, which is mainly driven by domestic demand, is "relatively resilient" against trade wars.

"However, as with all countries, we are not spared from the impact of the expected decline in international trade and possible slowdown of global growth due to supplychain disruptions, higher interest rates, and higher inflation," Mr. Recto said in a statement.

Trade Secretary Cristina A. Roque said the reciprocal tariffs can provide opportunities for the Philippines as regional competitors

will be subjected to higher tariffs. "We view with guarded optimism that the recent US imposition of reciprocal tariffs will provide strategic opportunities for the Philippines to improve its economic relationship with the US," she said in a statement.

Ms. Roque said she will request a meeting with her US counterpart to discuss "strengthening" trade relations between the two countries.

On Wednesday, Mr. Trump announced a 10% tariff on all its trading partners, which will take effect on April 5. (See related story "Trump's tariffs stoke global trade war as China, EU hit back" on S1/8).

The US will also slap individualized higher reciprocal tariffs on major trading partners including the European Union, China, Ja-

**Breakdown of Electronic Products** 

pan, South Korea and the Philippines, starting April 9.

"Foreign nations will finally be asked to pay for the privilege of access to our market - the biggest market in the world," Mr. Trump said.

According to an infographic posted by the White House on X, the Philippines will be slapped with a 17% "discounted reciprocal tariff" as the Philippines charges a 34% tariff on the US.

However, an annex document to the executive order on reciprocal tariffs showed the adjusted reciprocal tariff for the Philippines is at 18%.

It was not immediately clear why there was a discrepancy in the tariff

rates in the infographic posted on X and the annex document posted on The White House website.

Nonetheless, Philippine officials cited the 17% tariff rate in their press statements.

Among Southeast Asian countries, Cambodia faces the steepest tariff at 49%, followed by Laos (48%), Vietnam (46%), Myanmar (45%), Thailand (37%), Indonesia (32%), Malaysia (24%) and Brunei (24%). Singapore will be imposed a baseline tariff of 10%.

"The imposition of the 17% tariff, which is the second lowest. is not so bad in our opinion. We still see it as somewhat favorable," Presidential Communications

Office Undersecretary Clarissa A. Castro said at a Palace briefing in mixed English and Filipino.

Agriculture Secretary Francisco P. Tiu Laurel, Jr. said the Philippines could take advantage of the relatively lower tariff rate compared with its neighbors to "push for more sales to the US of our products."

"The new tariffs also put the Philippines in a more advantageous position, more specifically for certain export products like coconuts. With lower tariffs than Thailand, Philippine coconut exports can be more competitive," Ms. Roque said.

Tariff, S1/3

### PHILIPPINES' EXPORTS TO US TO BE HIT BY TRUMP TARIFFS

The Philippines' exports to the United States will now face fresh levies after US President Donald J. Trump imposed reciprocal tariffs to its trading partners.

Top 10 Philippine export commodities to US in 2024 Free on Board (FoB) Value

FoB Value Percent **Commodity Group** Share (%) Components/Devices (Semiconductors) 59.0 3,794 1,455 Electronic Data Processing 22.6 Office Equipment 1.5 453 **Consumer Electronics** 7.0 397 Telecommunication 6.2 Communication/Radar 104 1.6 Control and Instrumentation 75 1.2 46 Medical/Industrial Instrumentation 0.7 **Automotive Electronics** 0.1



#### Infrastructure spending declines in December

INFRASTRUCTURE SPENDING slumped by nearly 20% in December, but still exceeded the full-year program, the Department of Budget and Management (DBM) said.

Latest data from the DBM showed that spending on infrastructure and other capital outlays fell by 19.8% or P36.3 billion to P146.7 billion in December 2024 from P183 billion in the same month in 2023.

"This was attributed to the combined impact of the base effects of high capital disbursements in 2023, as well as the ongoing processing and release of cash allocations for payments of completed and ongoing capital outlay projects of various departments/agencies during the latter part of 2024," the DBM said.

For the full-year, expenditures on infrastructure and other capital outlays jumped by 10.1% to P1.33 trillion from P1.2 trillion in 2023. This also exceeded the P1.24-trillion program by 6.7%.

The DBM attributed the faster infrastructure spending to the implementation of the Department of Public Works and Highways' (DPWH) banner infrastructure projects as well as defense modernization projects of the Department of National Defense.

DBM data showed overall infrastructure disbursements rose by 8.9% to P1.545 trillion in 2024 from P1.42 trillion in 2023. It exceeded

the P1.473-trillion program for 2024 by 4.9%. "This was equivalent to 5.8% of GDP, well within the 5-6% target for 2024 and sustaining



PHILIPPINE STAR/NOEL B. PABALATE

**GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES on infrastructure** and other capital outlays jumped by 10.1% to P1.33 trillion in 2024.

the 5.8% outturn in 2023," the department

Infrastructure disbursements also include infrastructure components of subsidy and equity to government-owned and -controlled corporations and transfers to local govern-

"This was credited mainly to the accelerated infrastructure spending of the DPWH for its accelerated implementation of construction activities, particularly from carry-over or previous years' projects, progress billings from completed ongoing infrastructure projects, as well as the direct payments made by development partners for foreign-assisted rail projects of the Department of Transportation," the DBM said.

Oikonomia Advisory and Research, Inc. Economist Reinielle Matt M. Erece said the P122.2-billion increase in infrastructure and capital outlays in 2024 was partly driven by defense modernization programs of the gov-

"This can be in response to the heightened geopolitical tensions felt by a lot of countries," he said.

Rizal Commercial Banking Corp. Chief Economist Michael L. Ricafort said faster infrastructure spending last year can be partly attributed to preparations for the May elec-

"(This is) part of the preparations for the midterm elections, as basis for accomplishments that are consideration for the voters to choose some candidates based on their completed projects and programs," he said.

Mr. Ricafort said the government likely expedited infrastructure projects in the first three months of 2025 ahead of the election

The Commission on Elections' ban on public works spending began on March 28 and will run for 45 days. The midterm elections are scheduled for May 12.

Mr. Erece said he expects slower infrastructure spending as the government "reviewed and removed some of the unprogrammed appropriations and other expenses that the administration felt were unneeded, at least in the short term." — Aubrey Rose A. Inosante

#### CEOs remain optimistic amid headwinds — survey

MAJORITY of chief executive officers (CEO) in the Philippines have a slightly optimistic outlook for the next 12 months amid heightened global uncertainty and inflationary pressures, a survey showed.

In the Ernst & Young (EY) CEO Outlook Survey, 62% of the respondents said they are "somewhat optimistic" on the local business environment for this year.

"Caution is driven by the inflationary pressure that remains to be here in the local environment," Noel P. Rabaja, head of strategy and transactions services group of EY-member SGV & C reporters on Thursday.

"Aside from that, it is really the global uncertainties that we continue to experience, especially now, given the recent news on global trade policies," he added.

The EY CEO Outlook Pulse survey, conducted by EY-Parthenon, gathered the perspectives of 1,200 leading CEOs globally, 50 of which are CEOs in the Philip-

"The survey reveals that Philippine CEOs are confident, but not overly so, in their near-term outlook. They are cautiously optimistic about domestic growth, recognizing that local challenges tend to have a more direct and immediate impact on their businesses compared to global issues," the report said.

"This perspective also reflects a conservative view that global headwinds might pose greater risk to local enterprises than to their counterparts in more mature economies."

On the other hand, Philippine CEOs expressed high confidence when asked from a global (46%) and sector-specific (48%) perspective. "This is particularly relevant

given the Philippine economy's dependence on imported key commodities and revenue streams linked to external markets, such as sector and overseas Filipino workers' remittances," it said.

The survey also revealed CEOs' confidence about growth in their own sector.

"This is largely attributed to their expertise marked by their possession of deep insights into industry trends, competition, and market opportunities," EY said.

At the same time, the survey showed 86% of the Philippine CEOs prioritize investing in new areas through joint ventures or mergers and acquisitions (M&As).

"It is interesting to note that there are a lot of Philippine CEOs considering M&A opportunities in 2025," said Mr. Rabaja.

CEOs, S1/3



#### Robinsons Malls opens 56th mall in Pagadian City

ROBINSONS PAGADIAN was formally opened by distinguished guests including (from left) Robinsons Land Executive Vice-President and Business Unit General Manager Faraday D. Go, Robinsons Retail Holdings, Inc. (RRHI) Chairman Robina Gokongwei-Pe, Pagadian City Mayor Samuel S. Co, JG Summit Holdings President and Chief Executive Officer (CEO) Lance Y. Gokongwei, Most Reverend Archbishop Martin S. Jumoad, Zamboanga del Sur Governor Victor J. Yu, Robinsons Land President and CEO Mybelle Aragon-GoBio, and RRHI President and CEO Stanley C. Co. The new mall brings national and local brands, state-of-the-art cinemas, and innovative attractions to Pagadian.