PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE'S 10 MOST ACTIVE STOCKS BY VALUE TURNOVER • NOVEMBER 13, 2024 (PSEi snapshot on S1/2; article on S2/2)

**BPI** P135.000 ICT P378.000 **BDO** P142.000 P85.400 P30.250 P27.000 P900.000 P1.335.000 P73.200 P22.450 Value Value P899,469,652 P775,905,036 P662,773,759 Value P424,183,007 Value P392,245,175 Value P342,804,640 P322,382,545 Value P252,257,520 P194,622,822 P177,814,195 -P5.100 **▼** -3.467% -P5.350 ▼ -5.895% -P0.100 ▼ -0.074% -P0.300 ▼ -0.982% -P0.100 ▼ -0.369% -P17.000 ▼ -1.854% -P5.000 ▼ -0.373% -P2.050

# Banks' bad loan ratio eases in Sept.

### Filipino students show high level of math anxiety—PISA

By Kyle Aristophere T. Atienza Reporter

THE PHILIPPINES was among countries with the highest levels of mathematics anxiety among 15-year-old students, according to an international learning assessment by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD), which flagged growing negative feelings towards the subject from 2012 to 2022.

Experts said the growing mathematics anxiety among Filipino students threatens the country's manufacturing ambitions, which will rely heavily on engineers.

Results of the fifth edition of the 2022 Programme for International Student Assessment (PISA) also showed the Philippines was among 10 economies with the lowest levels of self-

efficacy among students aged 15 years old.

In a report released on Wednesday, OECD said most education systems that had the lowest levels of self-efficacy also show the highest levels of mathematics anxiety.

These countries include three Southeast Asian countries -Cambodia, the Philippines and Malaysia, and seven Latin American countries - Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Costa Rica, the Dominican Republic, Guatemala and Mexico.

On average, 65% of students among OECD countries worry about getting poor marks in mathematics, 55% feel anxious about failing in mathematics, and 40% of students reported feeling nervous, helpless or anxious while solving mathematics problems or doing homework.

### World Bank approves \$750-M loan for PHL digital transformation

Wednesday said it has approved \$750 million in financing that will help the Philippines accelerate digital transformation efforts and strengthen its digital economy.

"Digitalization is a transformative force that can drive productivity-led growth and enhance the efficiency of critical services such as transport, healthcare, education, energy, and agriculture in the Philippines," World Bank Country Director for the Philippines, Malaysia, and Brunei Zafer Mustafaoğlu said in a statement on Wednesday.

formation Development Policy Loan is aimed at helping the Philippine government lower barriers to entry and investment in the broadband sector, as well as promote competition and improve connectivity.

The loan will support government agencies' efforts to boost efficiency and transparency through digital technologies, as well as measures to expand financial inclusion by promoting secure digital financial services and payments infrastructure.

World Bank, S1/9

## Dennis Uy plans to build \$2-B Tech City in Pampanga

By Justine Irish D. Tabile Reporter

TECH TYCOON Dennis Anthony H. Uy is set to file with the Philippine Economic Zone Authority (PEZA) this month the application for the development of an information technology (IT) hub, which is envisioned to be the Philippines' Silicon

"They are set to file their application with PEZA within the month. That's a big-ticket investment," PEZA Director-General Tereso O. Panga told Business World in a Viber message.

In May, Mr. Panga announced that Mr. Uy, the chief executive officer of Converge Information and Communications Technology Solutions, Inc., proposed to develop a

Tech City special economic zone (ecozone) in a 117-hectare land between Mexico and Angeles in Pampanga.

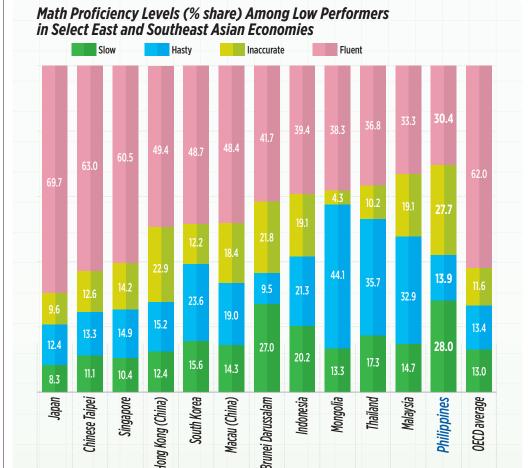
Mr. Panga said the project aims to create an ecosystem for technology, innovation, and tech-related sectors by attracting downstream tech companies.

In a separate interview, Mr. Uy said that he estimates the cost of the Tech City project to come out at around \$2 billion.

"The whole project, I think, is easily \$2 billion. It is a very big project," Mr. Uy said in an interview with BusinessWorld.

"[The investment] will cover mostly the infrastructure because you need the buildings, road access, and structures, including the information and communication technology [infrastructure]," he added.

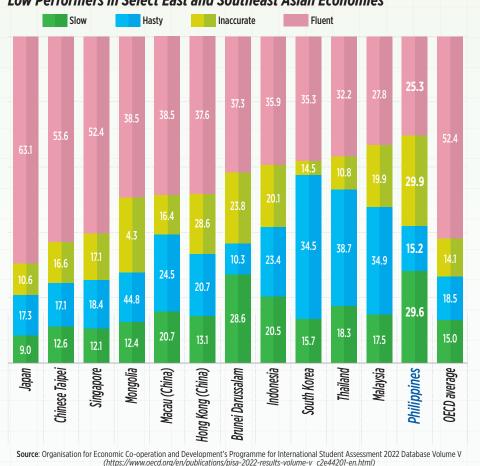
Tech City, S1/9



**LOW-PERFORMING FILIPINO** STUDENTS LAG IN MATH, READING PROFICIENCY The share of fluent Filipino low-performing students

in Math and Reading lags in the region, according to the 2022 Programme for International Student Assessment (PISA) released by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD).

Reading Proficiency Levels (% share) Among Low Performers in Select East and Southeast Asian Economies



#### By Luisa Maria Jacinta C. **Jocson** Reporter

THE PHILIPPINE banking system's gross nonperforming loan (NPL) ratio eased in September, preliminary data from the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) showed.

The banking industry's gross NPL ratio slipped to 3.47% in September from the over two-year high of 3.59% in August. However, it was still higher than 3.4% in the same period in 2023.

This was also the lowest NPL ratio in five months or since the 3.45% posted in

Loans are considered nonperforming once they remain unpaid for at least 90 days after the due date. These are deemed as risk assets since borrowers are unlikely to pay.

BSP data showed that bad loans inched up by 0.9% to P517.45 billion in September from P512.7 billion in the previous month.

Year on year, soured loans jumped by 16.5% from P444.3 billion.

The total loan portfolio of Philippine banks stood at P14.9 trillion in September, up by 4.2% from P14.3 trillion in August. It also climbed by 14.1% from P13.06 trillion a vear earlier.

Past due loans inched up by 0.2% to P632.9 billion in September from P631.4 billion in the prior month. Year on year, past due loans increased by 15% from

This brought the past due loan ratio to 4.25% in September, lower than 4.42% in August but above 4.21% a year

Restructured loans went up by 0.5% to P294.5 billion in September from P293.2 billion a month ago. However, it declined by 4.1% from P307.2 billion a year earlier.

Restructured loans accounted for 1.98% of the industry's total loan portfolio in September, lower than 2.05% in the previous month and 2.35% a year

In September, banks' loan loss reserves were almost flat (0.07%) at P482.8 billion from P482.5 billion a month prior. Meanwhile, it rose by 4.8% from P460.8 billion year on year.

This brought the loan loss reserve ratio to 3.24%, lower than 3.37% last month and 3.53% in the same month in 2023

Lenders' NPL coverage ratio, which gauges the allowance for potential losses due to bad loans, slipped to 93.31% in September from 94.11% in August and 103.71% a year prior.

"Banks' NPL ratio improved amid faster loan growth in recent months that effectively expanded the denominator and helped ease the NPL ratio mathematically," Rizal Commercial Banking Corp. Chief Economist Michael L. Ricafort said in a Viber message.

The latest data from the BSP showed bank lending grew by 11% year on year to P12.4 trillion in September, its fastest pace in nearly two years or since 13.7% in December 2022.

The NPL ratio could also continue to improve further in the coming months, Mr. Ricafort said.

Bad loan, S1/9

# Philippines misses JPMorgan bond index inclusion, officials say

THE PHILIPPINES has set its sights on inclusion into JPMorgan Chase & Co.'s local currency emerging market debt index in 2025 after missing the cut this year, officials said.

The country has been in discussion with the US firm for several months, with a survey of investors held midyear and the results released last month, Philippine Treasurer Sharon P. Almanza said in a phone interview on Tuesday.

Authorities are now looking at several financial reforms to lure more foreign investors, with inclusion "hopefully next year," Finance Secretary Ralph G. Recto

told Bloomberg News. Joining the benchmark is typically a breakout moment for

emerging economies, as the move attracts fresh inflows of overseas capital into their debt markets. The news marks a setback for the Philippines after its global peso notes dropped out of the index due to illiquidity in January.

Nonresidents hold only about 4% of the country's outstanding bills and bonds, Ms. Almanza said. That compares to around 14% in

Indonesia, 20% in Malaysia and 10% in Thailand, according to the Asian Development Bank's regional bond monitoring report. Bloomberg

