

## Nearly half-million doses of ASF vaccine due by mid-Oct.

THE Department of Agriculture (DA) said on Tuesday that it is expecting to deploy 490,000 doses of the African Swine Fever (ASF) vaccine by mid-October.

“By Oct. 17-19, the (Bureau of Animal Industry) will issue a notice to proceed with the 490,000 doses that were procured,” Assistant Secretary and Spokesperson Arnel V. de Mesa told reporters.

The DA has allocated P350 million for the initial government-run trial, sufficient to fund about 600,000 vials of the ASF vaccine from Vietnam.

“With those doses, hopefully, we can offer additional protection to our pigs,” he added.

Mr. De Mesa said that despite the ongoing outbreak, the meat supply is expected to be sufficient until the year-end holidays.

“Our requirements this holiday season were programmed during the second quarter of the year,” he added.

Pork imports during the first half increased 10.7% to 316.99 million kilograms.

“The imported meats are starting to arrive or have already arrived,” he said.

“Although we still have ASF within affected areas, this would

be easily compensated for by supply coming in from other countries,” Mr. De Mesa added.

As of Sept. 20, 125 municipalities across 31 provinces had active ASF cases, the BAI reported.

The DA has set up checkpoints to monitor the movement of hogs outside active ASF areas. It is allowing healthy hogs within ASF-affected areas to travel after proper verification. — **Adrian H. Halili**

# Marcos orders DoE shift to permit processing in parallel

PRESIDENT Ferdinand R. Marcos, Jr. said the Department of Energy’s (DoE) method of expediting power project approvals can be fine-tuned further by resorting to simultaneous permit processing, avoiding the waiting time caused by sequential approvals.

Mr. Marcos made the remarks at a Palace meeting about the DoE’s Energy Virtual One-Stop Shop (EVOSS), according to the Presidential Communications Office.

“Well, you continue to work on the permitting process,” he told DoE officials. “So, we try to get as close as possible to the simultaneous processing.”

In his third address to Congress, the President ordered the DoE to entrust to a digital one-stop shop its permit approval process for power projects.

As of Sept. 27, the DoE reported that at least 56 of 103 energy-related processes had been folded into EVOSS, which was rolled out in 2020.

The government is aiming for 100% integration of all energy-related application processes into EVOSS by June 2028.

At a Cabinet meeting, Mr. Marcos also told Energy Secretary Raphael P.M. Lotilla to inform agencies in advance about the DoE’s impending endorsement of a project to allow them to start

their own permitting process right away.

The Energy Regulatory Commission said last year that EVOSS would cut the processing time for quasi-judicial rulings to 270 calendar days from more than a year previously.

Last week, the DoE said it has issued endorsements to eight renewable energy (RE) projects and one battery energy storage system.

The Board of Investments on Sept. 26 said it had endorsed P3.74 trillion worth of RE projects for green-lane treatment as of Sept. 25. The investment promotion agency said 114 RE projects had been endorsed to

the One-Stop Action Center for Strategic Investments since February 2023.

The Philippines is trying to boost the share of RE in the energy mix to 35% from the current 22%, eventually rising to 50% by 2040.

Energy Undersecretary Sharon S. Garin has said battery technology is evolving fast enough for the Philippines to meet its RE targets. She said the agency was looking to attract more battery system companies to introduce their systems in the Philippines, which will help RE projects overcome the intermittent nature of their power sources. — **John Victor D. Ordoñez**

## Xiamen-based companies express interest in PHL investments — Bol

FIVE companies from Xiamen in southern China have expressed interest in investing in Philippine electric vehicle (EV) manufacturing, infrastructure, green metals, and mining projects, the Board of Investments (BoI) said.

In a statement on Tuesday, the BoI said that the companies indicated their interest in investing in the Philippines during a roundtable meeting in Xiamen last month.

A roundtable was also conducted in Beijing in conjunction with the ASEAN-China Center, the Power Battery Applications Committee of China Industrial Association of Power Sources, the China Overseas Development Association, and the RCEP Industry Cooperation Committee.

The BoI led a six-day investment promotion roadshow in China to attract investment that it hopes will position the Philippines as a regional hub for smart and sustainable manufacturing.

“Throughout the six days of the Investment Promotion Roadshow, we generated significant interest from various sectors,” Trade Undersecretary and BoI Managing Head Ceferino S. Rodolfo.

“Events like this showcase the Philippines’ proposition as the regional hub for smart and sustainable manufacturing and services industries that will ultimately generate green and sustainable jobs,” he added.

The BoI led the delegation at the 2024 China International Fair for Investment and Trade (CIFIT), which was focused on international investment promotion and economic and technological cooperation.

“For this year’s CIFIT, the Philippines highlighted the country’s investment promotion strategy and advantages as an investment destination for Chinese enterprises,” said the BoI.

“From Sept. 8 to 11, the Philippine booth saw a significant stream of visitors with business interests in renewable energy, new energy vehicles, food manufacturing, solar photovoltaic manufacturing, and trading activities,” it added.

Throughout the mission, the BoI and the Philippine Trade and Investment Center in China engaged with a total of 21 companies in renewable energy equipment manufacturing, EV manufacturing, and agribusiness.

So far this year, China was the 7<sup>th</sup> largest investment source for the BoI. It accounted for P1 billion of the investment approvals in the nine months to September, up 237% from a year earlier. — **Justine Irish D. Tabile**

## Net external liabilities fall 6.5% quarter on quarter at end-June

THE Philippines’ net external liability position declined 6.5% at the end of June, the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) said.

Citing preliminary data, the BSP said the international investment position (IIP) was a net external liability of \$55.2 billion at the end of June, down 6.5% from the \$59.1 billion net liability at the end of March.

“This development was driven by the 1.7% contraction in the country’s external financial liabilities, which outpaced the 0.5% decline in external financial assets,” the BSP said.

The IIP is an indicator of the value and composition of a country’s financial assets and liabilities. It gauges an economy’s external exposure.

External financial liabilities dropped 1.7% to \$298.7 billion at the end of June, from \$303.9 billion a quarter earlier.

“This development was primarily attributable to the recorded declines in net foreign portfolio investments (FPI) in the form of equity securities to \$34.8 billion (by 11.3% from \$39.2 billion) and net foreign direct investment (FDI) in the form of equity capital to \$58.2 billion (by 6.5% from \$62.2 billion), mainly on account of downward valuation adjustments.”

Year on year, external financial liabilities rose 6.4% from \$280.7 billion.

The BSP attributed this to the “collective increases in the nonresidents’ net outstanding loans extended to residents by 16.1%, nonresidents’ net outstanding direct investments in debt instruments by 10.9%, and nonresidents’ net outstanding investment in portfolio debt securities by 11.2%.”

Other sectors accounted for 59% or \$176.3 billion of total external financial liabilities at the end of June. The rest were held by the National Government and banks, with financial liabilities worth \$78.9 billion (26.4%) and \$39.8 billion (13.3%), respectively.

The BSP held 1.3% of all external financial liabilities at \$3.8 billion.

Meanwhile, external financial assets dipped 0.5% to \$243.5 billion at the end of June from \$244.8 billion at the end of March.

The BSP attributed the decline in financial assets to the combined decreases in the outstanding value of residents’ net portfolio investments in foreign debt securities to \$31.4 billion (by 6.2% from \$33.4 billion), net direct investments in debt instruments to \$41.9 billion (by 1.7% from \$42.6 billion), and residents’ net placements of foreign currency and deposits in foreign banks to \$14.4 billion (by 3.1% from \$14.9 billion). — **Luisa Maria Jacinta C. Joeson**

## Dairy breeder herd to be expanded via imports

THE National Dairy Authority (NDA) said on Tuesday that it is looking to expand the herd at its stock farms ahead of plans to boost overall dairy animal numbers.

“The NDA will be aggressively importing cattle for our stock farms for the herd to multiply under the care of NDA. The acclimatized offspring of these dairy cattle will be the ones to be distributed to our dairy farmers,” Administrator Marcus Antonius T. Andaya said in a statement.

Mr. Andaya added that five new stock farms are set to be completed by the end of the year with operations set to launch by early 2025. They will be located in Nueva Ecija, Bohol, Bukidnon, Cotabato and Agusan Del Sur.

The NDA said that the new stock farms will eventually help increase the domestic dairy herd to about 80,000 head.

He said that the NDA is also focusing on increasing milk yields and providing training for farmers.

The NDA aims to increase dairy production to 80 million liters per year by 2028, equivalent to about 5% of milk demand. The agency operates in 68 provinces, assisting almost 2,500 farmers and 1,324 dairy organizations.

The Philippines can meet less than 1% of its milk demand through domestic production, with the remainder needing to be imported. — **Adrian H. Halili**

## China’s AIIB commits \$100 million to support Asia-Pacific net-zero projects

BEIJING-BASED Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank (AIIB) has committed \$100 million to help Asia-Pacific countries adopt low-carbon technologies and practices.

The AIIB said in a statement that \$75 million was committed to the Actis Asia Climate Transition Fund, while \$25 million will go towards co-investment.

“This marks AIIB’s first climate transition-themed fund dedicated to emerging Asia and highlights the Bank’s commitment to sustainable development and climate change mitigation in the region,” it said.

The fund will be invested in renewable energy infrastructure, energy solutions, and sustainable transportation in the region.

In particular, the commitment will support climate transition initiatives in India, Indonesia, Malaysia, China, the Philippines, Thailand, and Vietnam.

“Our commitment to the Actis Asia Climate Transition Fund underscores AIIB’s dedication to financing sustainable infrastructure and fostering low-carbon solutions

## Doubts raised about crypto taxability in proposed digital-services VAT law

By **Kenneth Christiane L. Basilio** Reporter

THE GOVERNMENT is likely to run into difficulty in trying to apply a digital-services value-added tax (VAT) to cryptocurrency traders, analysts said.

While acknowledging that the upcoming law could plausibly apply to crypto-related services, the analysts said the overseas crypto exchanges that comply with the law could simply pass on the cost of VAT to their users, raising the transaction cost and discouraging frequent trading.

Arlone Abello, executive director of Philippines Association of Crypto Traders, also warned in an e-mail that the impact of the tax on crypto trading could make optimistic tax revenue projections fail to materialize.

“Since VAT is typically passed on to consumers, traders may experience an increase in the cost of their transactions, as platforms adjust their pricing to accommodate the tax,” he said.

The tax on cryptocurrency transactions could steer users away from “compliant” exchanges registered with the government to skirt additional costs, Enrico P. Villanueva, a senior lecturer at the University of the Philippines Los Baños Economics Department, said in an X message.

“These can be double whammy for Filipino cryptocurrency users who will either be taxed heavily if they transact locally, or risk losing regulatory protection if they shift to unregistered platforms,” he said.

It could even lead to the Philippines “losing its competitive edge as a hub for fintech” if other countries provide favorable tax regimes to foreign cryptocurrency service providers, Mr. Abello said.

“Enforcing VAT collection on nonresident cryptocurrency exchanges will be challenging, especially with platforms that operate outside of formal regulatory frameworks,” he added. “The government may need to collaborate with international authorities or leverage blockchain’s inherent transparency to track transactions more effectively.”

Albay Rep. Jose Ma. Clemente S. Salceda has said that the National Government (NG) could earn up to P6 billion in VAT annually from taxing foreign cryptocurrency platforms.

He was speaking ahead of the expected signing this month of a measure imposing a 12% VAT on digital services by companies based outside the Philippines.

Mr. Salceda, however, cited the need to clarify whether the

government can collect VAT on trading commissions or total transaction value.

“It is a digital product provided by non-resident service providers to Philippine residents. So, it should be covered by VAT,” he told *BusinessWorld* via Viber.

“Right now, the revenue gain could be as much as P6 billion, depending on the framework that we will use,” he added. “The main contention is whether the revenue is the service provided – and therefore, only commission is VATable – or the revenue is the whole transaction value.”

Mr. Salceda last week filed a resolution seeking hearings on the possibility of collecting digital VAT from cryptocurrency service providers based overseas. The House ways and means committee is also looking at possible additional fees that could be charged by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), with discussions on the matter set in November.

“Nonresident exchanges focused on cryptocurrency may be subjected to VAT on the transaction fees they are charging users,” Jomel N. Manaig, a junior partner at tax and corporate law firm Du-Baladad and Associates, said in an e-mail.

The government has a “potent weapon” against cryptocurrency exchanges with questionable track records, Mr. Manaig said, citing regulators’ ability to block Philippine access to their platforms.

Nevertheless, the government should “actively understand cryptocurrency” before drafting regulations, he said. “Simply making rules to regulate cryptocurrency based on current – and often outdated – standards and systems would inevitably lead to loopholes and unreasonable compliance requirements.”

About 11 million Filipinos own cryptocurrency assets valued at P35 billion, with transaction value estimated at P106 billion, according to House Resolution No. 2029, which Mr. Salceda filed last week.

Mr. Salceda said the House committee is also working with the SEC to formulate a “policy framework” that would allow cryptocurrency platforms to operate in the Philippines while also providing Filipinos with regulatory protection.

“While it is impossible to fully onboard all cryptocurrency platforms into the Philippine regulatory ambit, consumers have some guarantee that their hard-earned assets are protected by Philippine law for platforms that choose to be regulated,” he added.