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PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE'S 10 MOST ACTIVE STOCKS BY VALUE TURNOVER • MAY 23, 2024 (PSF) snanshot on \$1/2' article on \$2/2)

**S1/1-12 • 2 SECTIONS, 16 PAGES** 

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## BSP seeks to curb forex speculation

#### **Budget surplus narrows** in April as spending rises

THE NATIONAL Government's (NG) budget surplus narrowed in April as expenditures surged by 32%, outpacing the 22% rise in revenues, the Bureau of the Treasurv said.

Data from the BTr showed that the NG's budget surplus shrank by 36.03% to P42.7 billion in April from the P66.8-billion surplus posted in the same month a year ago.

Month on month, the budget balance swung to a surplus from the P195.9-billion deficit in

State expenditures surged by 32.25% to P494.5 billion in April from P373.9 billion in the same month in 2023.

"The expansion was driven by higher releases of the National Tax Allotment (NTA) and subsidies to government- owned and -controlled corporations (GOCCs), including releases to Power Sector Assets and Liabilities Management Corp. (PSALM)... as well as the release of the 4<sup>th</sup> tranche of capitalization of the Coconut Farmers Industry Trust Fund," the BTr said in a

Broken down, interest payments climbed by 45.93% to P67.5 billion in April from P46.3 billion in the same month in 2023.

"The increase was attributed to the timing of payments for domestic securities and the impact of foreign exchange fluctuations on foreign borrowings," the BTr said.

Primary spending, which refers to total expenditures minus interest payments, jumped by 30.32% to P427 billion in April from P327.6 billion a year ago.

Meanwhile, government revenues jumped by 21.9% to P537.2 billion in April from P440.7 billion in the same month a year

"The increase in tax revenues was fueled by double-digit growth in the collections of revenue collecting agencies while the increase in nontax revenues was due to strong dividend remittance," the BTr said.

BTr data showed that tax revenues increased by 13.9% to P461.8 billion in April from P405.4 billion a year earlier.

Budget surplus, S1/11

#### PHL on track to reach upper middle-income status, says NEDA chief

THE PHILIPPINES is still on track to become an upper middleincome economy next year as long as the growth momentum continues, National Economic and Development Authority (NEDA) Secretary Arsenio M. Balisacan

"If growth this year is not dampened, [we] should be on track," he told reporters on the sidelines of the BusinessWorld Economic Forum on Wednesday.

The administration of President Ferdinand R. Marcos, Jr. has set a target for the Philippines to reach upper middle-income status by 2025. An upper middleincome country means having a gross national income (GNI) per capita income range of \$4,466 to

The World Bank currently classifies the Philippines as a lower middle-income country with a GNI per capita of \$3,950.

Mr. Balisacan said gross domestic product (GDP) growth must average 6.1% in the next three quarters to hit the government's 6-7% growth target.

The Philippine economy expanded by 5.7% in the first quarter, slightly faster than 5.5% in the previous quarter.

"There are still three quarters out there. The good thing is inflation is manageable now. Even though we expected worse for the April [print,] it turned out better than expected. So, we hope that will continue," Mr. Balisacan said.

Inflation accelerated for a third straight month to 3.8% in April from 3.7% in March. Inflation averaged 3.4% in the January-April period, below the central bank's 3.8% full-year forecast.

In the coming months, NEDA expects economic growth to be favorable as the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) was "less hawkish" in its last policy meeting and has signaled a possible rate cut in August.

"If the BSP is not going to raise any further the interest rate, and in fact, the governor has indicated that they might start loosening, so that will improve expectations, and expectation drives consumption," Mr. Balisacan told report-

Last week, the Monetary Board kept its target reverse repurchase rate unchanged at a 17-year high

The waning El Niño dry pattern and expected easing of rice prices may also improve the country's GDP growth prospects, according to the NEDA chief.

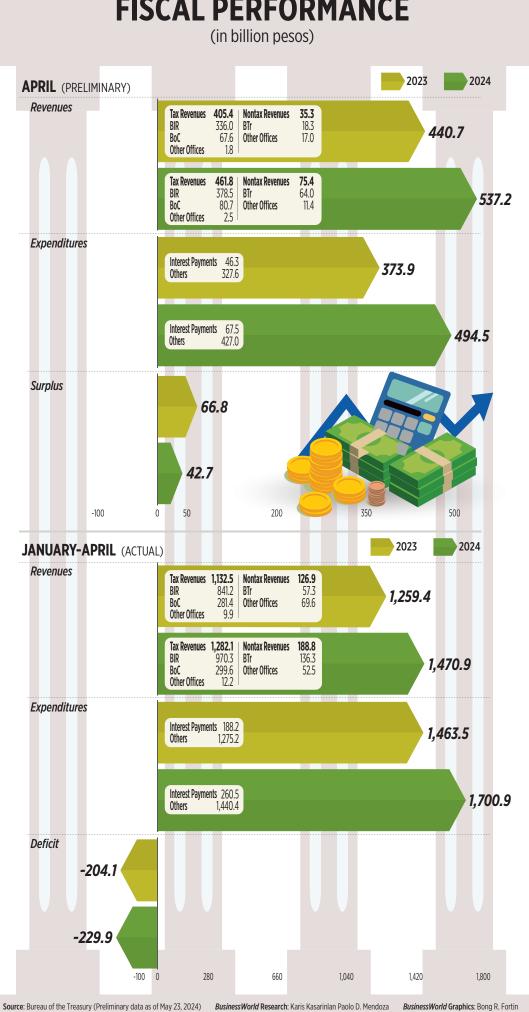
"Since El Niño is tapering, we expect that world prices for commodities, including rice, are expected to moderate and start falling, especially for rice," Mr. Balisacan said.

Rice inflation, which contributes nearly half to the overall inflation print, accelerated by 23.9% in April. However, this was slower than 24.4% in the previous

Security Bank Corp. Chief Economist Robert Dan J. Roces said that achieving upper middleincome status "is not just about hitting a specific threshold, but about building an equitable

"While the Philippines has made significant progress in recent years, driven by factors such as a young population, a thriving services sector, and increasing Middle-income, S1/11





By Luisa Maria Jacinta C. **Jocson** Reporter

THE BANGKO SENTRAL ng Pilipinas (BSP) will only intervene in the foreign exchange (forex) market to "control the speculation," its top official said.

BSP Governor Eli M. Remolona, Jr. also said the peso's recent weakness will not prompt the need for any rate hike.

"In situations in which the peso depreciates, there's a tendency for stress. The dealers, the traders, they tend to offer big amounts when they're trying to sell the peso and sometimes the prices fluctuate more than before. So, we try to control that," he told reporters late on Wednesday.

"We want those who really need dollars to get the dollars at a reasonable price. We're just trying to control the speculation," he added.

The peso closed at P58.13 against the dollar on Thursday, weakening by seven centavos from its P58.06 finish on Wednes-

Mr Remolona said that the central bank intervened by small amounts on Tuesday, when the peso sank to the P58 level for the first time in over 18 months or since Nov. 10, 2022.

"So far, it has been steady. There is still no stress. The market remained orderly... we haven't been intervening every day and when we do intervene, it's very modest amounts," he added.

Asked if the peso's depreciation would open up the possibility of a rate hike, Mr. Remolona said this was "not likely" as inflation expectations remain the key consideration for further tightening.

"Actually, raising the policy rate would entail the inflation expectations getting de-anchored, there we might consider raising but as long as inflation expectations behave and the data going forward are similar to what has been happening, highly unlikely that we will tighten," he added.

The Monetary Board kept its benchmark rate at a 17-year high 6.5% for a fifth straight meeting last week.

The central bank has raised borrowing costs to a cumulative 450 basis points (bps) from May 2022 to October 2023.

Mr. Remolona reiterated that the earliest the BSP could begin policy easing is by August, with "possibly" another cut before the end of the year.

The central bank could cut by up to 25-50 bps for this year, depending on the data, he added.

### Companies ramping up renewable energy plans

LISTED COMPANIES are ramping up their renewable energy (RE) plans amid the country's energy transition.

"It's an exciting time for us because, obviously, the market continues to grow. And, if anything, we're now in a position where the narrative across ourselves, including our friendly competitors, is sort of converging, where we know there's growth," First Gen Corp. President and Chief Operating Officer Francis Giles B. Puno said during the BusinessWorld Economic Forum on Wednesday.

Mr. Puno said that the Philippines would have "a lot of work to do" if it wants to decarbonize.

"As a country, we rely so much on fossil fuel, but at the same time, we need to refocus our investments into cleaner and renewable energy sources," Mr. Puno said.

The Lopez-led company is aiming to grow its total capacity to 13 gigawatts (GW) in the next six years, of which 7.5 GW will come from new renewable energy projects.

As of March 2024, coal-fired power plants remain the country's top source of electricity with a share of 44.1% or a total installed capacity of 28,291 megawatts (MW) connected to

The government is aiming to increase the share of renewable energy in the country's power mix to 35% by 2030 and 50% by 2040.

Raymond B. Ravelo, chief sustainability officer of Manila Electric Co. (Meralco), said that RE would be key to sustain-

Mr. Ravelo said that Meralco has developed a long-term sustainability strategy for its "just, orderly, and affordable transi-

tion into clean energy."

"[From] 2031 to 2040 is where we will hopefully accelerate that shift, as we explore, assess, and potentially adopt next-generation clean technologies," he said, referring to hydrogen, energy storage, offshore wind, and nuclear, particularly small modular reactors.

Renewable energy, S1/9