P25 IN METRO MANILA, BusinessWorld

STOCK MARKET	ASIAN MARKETS	WORLD MARKETS	PESO-DOLLAR RATES	ASIAN MONIES-US\$ RATE	WORLD CURRENCIES	DUBAI CRUDE OIL
7000 PSEi 6860 OPEN: 6,432.10 6720 HIGH: 6,497.82 6580 OPEN: 6,424.81 6440 45.07 Prs. CLOSE: 6,450.04 6300 0.7% VOL.: 0.595 B 30 DAYS TO APRIL 17, 2024 VAL(P): 5.894 B	APRIL 17, 2024 CLOSE NET % JAPAN (NiKKEI 225) 37,961.80 ▼-509.40 -1.32 HONG KONG (HANG SENG) 16,251.84 2.87 0.02 TAIWAN (WEIGHTED) 20,213.33 311.37 1.56 THAILAND (SET INDEX) 1,366.88 ₹-29.50 -2.11 S.KOREA (KSE COMPOSITE) 2,584.18 ₹-25.45 -0.98 SINGAPORE (STRAITS TIMES) 3,164.42 19.66 0.63 SYDNEY (ALI DRIDNARIES) 7,605.60 ₹-6.90 -0.09 MALAYSIA (KLSE COMPOSITE) 1,540.42 \$.42 0.35	CLOSE NET Dow Jones 37,798.970 ▲ 63.860 NASDAQ 15,865.251 ▼ -19.768 S&P 500 5,051.410 ▼ -10.410 FTSE 100 7,820.360 ▼ -145.170 EURO STOXX50 4,326.950 ▼ -63.080	55.30 FX 55.74 OPEN 56.18 HIGH 56.62 LOW 57.66 KAVE 57.50 18.00 ctvs 30 DAYS TO APRIL 17, 2024 SOURCE : BAP	APRIL 17, 2024 PREVIOUS JAPAN (YEN) 154,500 ▼ 154,500 JAPAN (YEN) 154,501 ▼ 154,500 HONG KONG (HK DOLLAR) 7.831 ▼ 7.830 TAIWAN (NT DOLLAR) 32.434 ▲ 32.516 THAILAND (BAHT) 36.760 ▼ 36.630 S. KOREA (won) 1,382.850 ▲ 1,392.730 SINGAPORE (DOLLAR) 1.362 ▲ 1.364 INDONESIA (RUPIAH) 16,215 ▼ 16,170 MALAYSIA (RINGGIT) 4.790 ─ 4.790	APRIL 17, 2024 CLOSE PREVIOUS US\$/UK POUND 1.2472 ▲ 1.2442 US\$/EURO 1.0644 ▲ 1.0620 US\$/AUST DOLLAR 0.6426 ▲ 0.6417 CANADA DOLLAR/US\$ 1.3804 ▲ 1.3793 SWISS FRANC/US\$ 0.9103 ▼ 0.9131	FUTURES POIC CONVAREST NONTH OF OEL/VERY 92.00 67.20 84.80 80.00 80.00 80.00 80.00 \$0.73 30 DAYS TO APRIL 16, 2024
VOL. XXXVII • 186		THURSDAY • APRIL	18, 2024 • www.bworldo	nline.com	S1/1-12	• 2 SECTIONS, 16 PAGES
	PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE'	S 10 MOST ACTIVE STOCKS	BY VALUE TURNOVER • APRIL 17, 2	2024 (PSEi snapshot on <i>S1/2</i> ; arti	cle on <i>S2/2</i>)	
SM P938.000 ALI Value P599,054,780 Value I P6.000 0.644% -P0.250 	P26.950 ICT P315.000 A P483,067,130 Value P390,222,866 Value ▼ -0.919% P0.800 ▲ 0.255% P8.		v331,367,884 Value P314,570,110 Va	BPI P118.000 JFC P223. alue P279,506,889 Value P270,86 .500 ▲ 2.165% P2.600 ▲	9,902 Value P262,007,395 \	MBT P66.000 /alue P251,577,706 ₽1.700 ▲ 2.644%

Peso won't derail rate cuts in Q4

Slowing PHL remittances may weaken consumption

By Beatriz Marie D. Cruz Reporter

PHILIPPINE domestic demand could ease this year as remittance inflows are muted by reduced overseas hiring, Pantheon Macroeconomics said.

"Domestic demand in the Philippines is continuing to struggle, reflecting in large part the oppressive headwinds facing consumers," Pantheon Macroeconomics Chief Emerging Asia Economist Miguel Chanco and Senior Asia Economist Moorthy Krshnan said in a report.

It noted that remittances, which have slowed this year, might fail to boost domestic demand in the coming months.

"Remittances have saved the day in the past, such as in 2022, when they helped to fuel the post-pandemic release of pent-up demand," according to the report.

Filipino consumers, who have been battling rising prices of com-

Visayas under red alert;

yellow raised over Luzon

modities such as rice, meat and oil, rely heavily on remittances sent home by relatives abroad.

"We see no prospect of this savior making a comeback in 2024, if the first two months of the year are anything to go by," Pantheon said.

Cash remittances in February rose by 3% to \$2.65 billion from a year earlier. It fell by 6.7% month on month.

"The year-over-year increase - in local-currency terms would fall back into the red in the middle of this year if this rate of growth persists," it said.

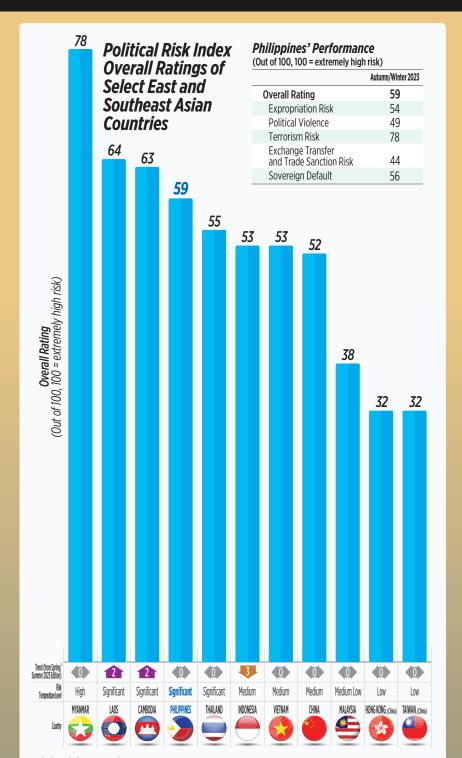
Pantheon also noted that overseas placements, which slowed to 28% year on year in January and have dropped since early 2021, could also affect remittance flows.

Borrowing remains a driver of household spending, as consumer credit remained above average since late 2022, Pantheon said. It jumped to 25.2% in February, as credit card and motor vehicle loans rose by 30.1% and 19.1%, respectively.

Remittances, S1/5

PHILIPPINES' POLITICAL RISK REMAINS 'SIGNIFICANT'

The Philippines has an overall rating of 59 (out of 100) with a "significant" risk temperature level in the guarterly Political Risk Index by global advisory, broking, and solutions company WTW (formerly Willis Towers Watson) in collaboration with Oxford Analytica. The index analyzes patterns in the world's most vulnerable countries, covering key political perils such as expropriation, currency inconvertibility and political violence. The Philippines placed fourth among the most politically at-risk countries in the East and Southeast Asian region, behind Myanmar (78 out of 100), Laos (64), and Cambodia (63).



By Luisa Maria Jacinta C. Jocson Reporter

THE Philippine central bank would cut its key rate as early as the fourth quarter despite the peso's slide to a 17-month low, according to Governor Eli M. Remolona, Jr.

The Monetary Board might still cut policy rates in the fourth quarter, he told a news briefing on Wednesday. "If things are worse than we think, that might be postponed to the first quarter of 2025."

The peso and other regional currencies have weakened in recent days as markets bet against the odds of early rate cuts around the world.

The peso depreciated past the closely watched P57-a-dollar level on Tuesday before closing at P57 flat – the weakest since P57.375 on Nov. 22, 2022 – due to expectations that the US Federal Reserve would delay cutting interest rates.

It continued to weaken on Wednesday, closing at P57.18 against the greenback.

Mr. Remolona said the peso's depreciation has not been big enough to affect inflation expectations and monetary policy.

"I wouldn't say it's performing poorly," he said. "I would say it's adjusting to some events. It initially weakened, along with other emerging market currencies, by the way, because of what's going on in the Middle East "

Markets were rattled after Iran launched hundreds of drones and missiles against Israel at the weekend in retaliation for an alleged airstrike by Israel on the Iranian consulate in Syria earlier this month.

But the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) chief sees no threat from the conflict.

"In fact, the price of Brent oil and Dubai oil initially went up, but now has settled back down," he said. "So, the sense of the oil market is that hostilities will not esca

On Tuesday, both red and yelow alerts were declared as 42 power plant units went on forced outage or were derated, losing a total capacity of over 3,000 MW. Manual load dropping or rotational power interruptions were implemented in some parts of Luzon. Red and yellow alerts were first lifted in the Visayas at 9:01 p.m. and 11:01 p.m., respectively on Tuesday.

By Sheldeen Joy Talavera Reporter

THE VISAYAS GRID was again placed on red and yellow alerts on Wednesday, while the Luzon grid was put under yellow alert, with more than 30 power plants still either on forced outage or operating at limited capacity, according to the National Grid Corp. of the Philippines (NGCP).

In a statement, the NGCP said that as of 6:47 p.m. on Wednesday, a red alert had been raised over the Visayas grid from 5 p.m. to 9 p.m. due to the reduced output of the Mindanao-Visayas interconnection project after two power plants with a total capacity of 273 megawatts (MW) tripped.

Earlier in the day, the NGCP said the Luzon grid was under the yellow alert status from 1 p.m. to 11 p.m. on April 17. During this period, available capacity was 13,607 MW, while peak demand was 12,874 MW.

"Eighteen power plants are on forced outage, while three others are running on derated capacities, for a total of 1,969.3 MW unavailable to the grid," the grid operator said.

In the Visayas, the yellow alert was raised from 1 p.m. to 10 p.m. as 13 power plants went on forced outage, while five others were running at limited capacity, bringing the total unavailable capacity to 698 MW.

Peak demand was at 2,523 MW, nearly outpacing the available capacity at 2,713 MW.

Yellow alerts are issued when the supply available to the grid falls below a safety threshold. If the supply-demand balance deteriorates further, a red alert is declared.

NGCP lifted the red and yellow alerts over Luzon at 11:01 p.m. on Tuesday and 12:01 a.m. on Wednesday.

The Southwest Luzon Power Generation Corp. unit 2 with 150 MW and Sta. Rita 40 of First Gen Corp. with 264 MW had gone back online as of 3:03 a.m. on April 17.

In a separate statement, the Philippine Independent Power Producers Association, Inc. (PIP-PA) said majority of the 19 power plants in the Luzon grid that were on outage were hydropower plants with low water levels.

"The PIPPA member-generators have submitted the reports required in instances of unplanned outage and continue to prioritize efforts in further strengthening the resilience of their generation assets," the group said.

Gerry C. Arances, convenor of the People for Power Coalition, said the incident should be a wakeup call to transition from fossil fuel to renewable energy.

"The government needs to wake up and get on with the program," he said in an e-mailed statement. "Fossil fuel dependence leads to costly and undependable energy."

"The long-term solution is obvious to anyone not blinded by fumes from fossil fuels. Transitioning to renewable energy is the only solution," he added. *Red alert, S1/5*

High-Risk Countries

Country (Out of 81)	Overall Rating (Out of 100)	Trend (from Spring/ Summer 2023 Edition)	Risk Temperature Level	Risk Temperature Index Key
Pakistan	82	••• 0	High	95 – Extremely High
Lebanon	78	• 0	High	85 – Very high
Myanmar	78	• 0	High	75 – High
Ukraine	78	1	High	65 – Medium High
Iran	77	٠ 0	High	55 – Significant
Dem. Rep. of the Congo	76	• 0	High	45 – Medium 35 – Medium Low
Libya	76	• 0	High	25 – Low
Mali	76	• 0	High	15 – Verv Low
Nigeria	75	2	High	5 – Extremely Low
Central African Republic	74	• 0	Medium High	

Low-Risk Countries

Country (Out of 81)	Overall Rating (Out of 100)	Trend (from Spring/ Summer 2023 Edition)	Risk Temperature Level
Taiwan, China	32	• 0	Low
Hong Kong, China	32	• 0	Low
Qatar	34	• 0	Low
United Arab Emirates	36	• 0	Medium Low
Malaysia	38	• 0	Medium Low
Oman	43	• 0	Medium Low
Guyana	43	- 3	Medium Low
Chile	43	- 2	Medium
Saudi Arabia	46	• 0	Medium
China	52	• 0	Medium

late. I hope it stays that way."

Brent futures for June fell by 0.44% or 40 cents to \$89.62 a barrel by 6:32 a.m. GMT, while US crude futures for May fell by 0.56% or 48 cents to \$84.88 a barrel, Reuters reported.

Mr. Remolona said the peso's recent drop had been due to signals of rate cut delays by the Fed.

Peso, S1/5

Philippines in talks with OceanX for marine research

By Kyle Aristophere T. Atienza Reporter

 $SINGAPORE\ -\ US\text{-based}\ exploration$ startup OceanX on Wednesday said it is in talks with the Philippine government to conduct marine research in its waters to help harness the potential of its blue economy.

Its flagship vessel OceanXplorer, which carries four deep sea vehicles and four labs, would probably conduct research and exploration activities in Philippine waters next year, science program director Mattie Rodrigue told BusinessWorld during a media tour of the ship on the sidelines of the Asia Philanthropy Summit here.

"We've just started discussions about a collaboration... with the Philippine government to bring OceanXplorer and conduct scientific work in the area," she said. "We're hoping that after our mission is completed in Malaysia and our talks progress successfully with the Philippine government, then we'll be able to get the vessel in as early as next year."

OceanX, S1/5



CORPORATE NEWS No more minimum commission for stockbrokers S1/2

BANKING & FINANCE Term deposit yields mixed on hawkish Fed, BSP S2/1

ARTS & LEISURE Going way, way beyond 'Bahay Kubo' S2/4



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