P25 **Jusiness Vorl**d **IANILA**

STOCK MARKET	ASIAN MARKETS	WORLD MARKETS	PESO-DOLLAR RATES	ASIAN MONIES-US\$ RATE	WORLD CURRENCIES	DUBAI CRUDE OIL
B615 PSEi 6498 W 6381 OPEN: 6,505.11 6381 HIGH: 6,602.92 6284 LOW: 6,493.37 6147 103.64 prs. 6030 1.59% 30 DAYS TO JANUARY 4, 2024 VAL(P): 5.184 B	JANUARY 4, 2024 CLOSE NET Japan (Nikkei 225) 33,288.29 ▼ -175.88 -0. Hong Kong (Hang Seng) 16,645.98 ▼ -0.43 0. Tanwan (Weichted) 17,549.65 ▼ -9.66 -0. Thailand (SET Index) 1,434.63 5.01 0. S.Korea (Kse Composite) 2,587.02 ▼ -20.29 -0. Singapore (Straits Times) 3,171.65 ▼ -27.79 -0. Sydney (All Ordinaries) 7,494.10 ▼ -29.10 -0. Malaysia (Kise Composite) 1,477.26 14.89 1.	0 NASDAQ 14,592.211 ♥ -173.729 5 S&P 500 4,704.810 ♥ -38.020 8 FTSE 100 7,682.330 ♥ -39.190 9 URO STOXX50 4077.9400 ♥ -14.040	56.20 FX 56.45 M P55.750 56.70 HIGH P55.465 LOW P55.780 CLOSE P55.500 56.20 ▲ VAVE. P55.619 56.45 7.00 ctvs VOL. \$1,715.70 M 30 DAYS TO JANUARY 4, 2024 SOURCE : BAP	JANUARY 4, 2024 LATEST BID (0900GMT) PREVIOL JAPAN (YEN) 143.780 142.61 HONG KONG (HK DOLLAR) 7.808 7.80 TAIWAN (NT DOLLAR) 30.988 31.01 THAILAND (BAHT) 34.450 34.27 S. KOREA (WON) 1,307.250 1,309.02 SINGAPORE (DOLLAR) 1.327 - INDONESIA (RUPIAH) 15,485 15,477 MALAYSIA (RINGGIT) 4.632 4.632	0 US\$/UK POUND 1.2702 \land 1.2631 6 US\$/EURO 1.0957 \land 1.0939 0 US\$/AUST DOLLAR 0.6747 \lor 0.6749 0 CANADA DOLLAR/US\$ 1.3321 \lor 1.3331 7 Swiss Franc/US\$ 0.8491 \lor 0.8506	PUTURES PRICE ON HRAREST MONTH OF DELIVERY 90.00 \$75.25/BBL 95.00 \$75.25/BBL 95.00 \$70.00 70.00 ▼ 95.00 \$2.75 30 DAYS TO JANUARY 3, 2024
VOL. XXXVII • ISSUE 114FRIDAY • JANUARY 5, 2024 • www.bworldonline.com\$1/1-10 • 2 SECTIONS, 14 PAGES						
PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE'S 10 MOST ACTIVE STOCKS BY VALUE TURNOVER • JANUARY 4, 2024 (PSEi snapshot on S1/2; article on S2/2)						
BPI P104.000 SM	P880.000 ALI P34.800	SMPH P33.700 BDO	P130.600 ICT P255.400	JFC P256.000 AC P72	5.000 GTCAP P601.500	URC P122.000
Value P445,605,131 Value P0.500 ▲ 0.483% P1.000	P428,509,195 Value P404,867,710 ▲ 0.114% P0.550 ▲ 1.606%	Value P359,948,460 Value P 21.450 ▲ 4.496% P4.400 ⊿		'alue P189,470,350 Value P174 1.400 ▲ 0.550% P19.000 ▲	,,	Value P141,644,966 P2.100 ▲ 1.751%

BSP to limit its forex intervention

By Keisha B. Ta-asan Reporter

THE BANGKO SENTRAL ng Pilipinas (BSP) is looking to limit its foreign exchange intervention on markets by finalizing a new

48,811

47,827

framework this year, its chief said on Thursday.

In his first public event this year at the Rotary Club's weekly meeting, BSP Governor Eli M. Remolona, Jr. said the central bank aims to make the peso more competitive and reduce restrictions in the foreign exchange market.

"We're developing a framework for intervention... We think intervention should only happen during times of stress. It's meant to contain stress," he said.

Mr. Remolona told reporters that BSP Senior Assistant Governor Edna C. Villa will head the central bank's Financial Markets department, replacing retired Ma. Ramona Gertrudes D.T. Santiago.

The foreign exchange framework will also be implemented this year, he said. The BSP chief has instructed

Ms. Villa to identify the Philippines' peers in the region when

it comes to movements against the dollar.

"We want to do things in the right way. We want to do things based on fundamentals and also based on what we know is going on in the markets," he said.

Meanwhile, Mr. Remolona noted that October 2022 was a stressful episode for the central bank and the foreign exchange market.

"Those are the events in which we want to intervene," he said. "I think we've been intervening a bit too much. If it's about containing stress, that also means intervention should be infrequent."

Forex, S1/10

1,173

30

PHILIPPINES SEEN TO BE THE 23RD LARGEST ECONOMY BY 2038

The Philippines is projected to be the 23rd largest economy by 2038 based on the latest edition of the World Economic League Table by London-based think tank Center for Economics and Business Research (CEBR). The country's current standing is a 10-place jump from its 2023 rank of 33rd out of 190 economies.





Business World Research: Abigail Marie P. Yraola **BusinessWorld Graphics:** Bong R. Fortin

24

1,497

25

1,313

27

28

29

AUSTRALIA RUSSIA MEXICO SAUDI ARABIA SWITZERLAND TAIWAN, chir GERMANY NETHERLANDS BANGLADESH BRAZIL

15

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16

PHL firms seen to hike salaries by 6.2% this year

SALARY INCREASES are expected to be higher in the Philippines this year, amid growing demand for professionals and elevated inflation, according to global professional services firm Mercer.

1 2 3 4 5

Ranking (/190) Rank Change(s)

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

Z

In its Total Remuneration Survey conducted last year, Mercer said Philippinebased organizations projected a median salary hike of 6.2% in 2024, slightly higher than the actual 6% salary increase last year.

It is also above the projected average median salary increase of 5.2% in Asia for 2024.

"The projected hike in median salary increment can be attributed to factors such as the rising demand for skilled professionals, the need to attract and retain top talent

in a fiercely competitive job market, and persistent inflationary pressures," Mercer said in a statement.

The expected median salary increase in the Philippines is the fourth highest in the region, just behind India (9.3%), Vietnam (7%), and Indonesia (6.5%).

The country surpassed the projected median salary increments in Mainland China (5.2%), Malaysia (5.1%), Thailand (4.7%), South Korea (4.4%), and Singapore (4.2%).

Meanwhile, Hong Kong SAR (2.6%), Taiwan (3.8%) and Japan (3.9%) reported the lowest projected median salary increments in the region.

Floriza I. Molon, business leader at Mercer Philippines, said that most industries are

DoF says CREATE incentives benefited P1T worth of projects

seen to ramp up hiring as businesses expand this year.

17

18

"The Philippines is poised for economic growth despite some global headwinds. Some industries will continue to hire as businesses, particularly in shared services and outsourcing industry, retail and consumer sectors expand," Ms. Molon said.

Mercer said salary increases will likely be consistent in most industries this year, as firms seek to retain talent.

The energy sector is seen to raise salaries by 7% this year, the highest among industries in the Philippines, data from Mercer showed. This is the same as the 7% hike implemented in 2023.

Salaries, S1/10

1,876

19

20

21

22

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MIC identifies possible areas for investments

26

THE MAHARLIKA Investment Corp. (MIC), which is tasked to oversee the Philippines' first sovereign wealth fund, is looking at potential investments in key sectors such as infrastructure, energy and transportation.

The MIC held its first board meeting on Wednesday, as it seeks to fully operationalize the Maharlika Investment Fund (MIF), according to a statement from the Department of Finance (DoF).

MIC President and Chief Executive Officer (CEO) Rafael Jose D. Consing, Jr. said that the wealth fund could potentially invest in the power, agroforestry industrial urbanization, mineral processing, tourism, transportation, and aviation sectors.

The MIC, which was established under Republic Act (RA) No. 11954, is responsible for mobilizing and utilizing the country's first sovereign wealth fund for investments in transactions that would generate optimal returns.

"I look forward to your cooperation and support as we work together in mobilizing greater investments in the country's growth-enhancing sectors, while upholding the highest standards of accountability, fiscal responsibility, and good governance," Finance Secretary Benjamin E. Diokno told the MIC board during the meeting. He sits as the board's

chairperson in an ex-officio capacity.

"The enactment of the Maharlika Investment Fund complements recent policy initiatives, such as the new public-private partnership policy framework, the approval of 197 high-impact infrastructure flagship projects, and liberalization policies that have further opened the Philippines to foreign investments in key sectors," Mr. Diokno added.

During the meeting, the board approved the presented MIC's capitalization scheme amounting to P125 billion.

Under the law, state banks Land Bank of the Philippines (LANDBANK) and Development Bank of the Philippines (DBP) are required to contribute P50 billion and P25 billion, respectively, to the initial capital of the fund.

The National Government is also being counted on to contribute P50 billion. The MIC has an authorized capital stock of P500 billion.

President Ferdinand R. Marcos, Jr. signed the Maharlika fund bill into law in July despite concerns raised by economists, including questions on the possible negative impact on the operations of state banks.

Mr. Marcos had said last year that the fund would be fully operational by the end of 2023. Investments, S1/9

PROJECTS BENEFITING from incentives under the Corporate Recovery and Tax Incentives for Enterprises (CREATE) law have reached P1.02 trillion in investment capital as of October, the Department of Finance (DoF) said.

In a social media post, the DoF said this reflects the efforts of the Marcos administration to promote the Philippines as a good investment destination.

"This landmark milestone also gained P572.98 billion worth of foreign direct investment (FDI) pledges, with 910 CREATE-approved projects varying across priority sectors listed in the Strategic Investment Priority Plan," it said.

Of the 910 CREATE-approved projects, around 49 big-ticket tax incentive applications with a total investment capital of P817 billion were approved by the Fiscal Incentives Review Board.

The remaining 861 projects – with a combined investment capital of P203 billion – were from investment promotion agencies (IPAs).

"These projects are expected to accumulate a committed employment count of around 99,400 jobs within its incentivized period, with the labor-intensive manufacturing sector having the

highest number of approved projects among the priority sectors," the DoF said.

"This underscores the employability of the country's workforce in high-quality jobs that will contribute to long-term economic growth," it added.

CREATE was signed into law in 2021 to aid enterprises that have yet to recover from the coronavirus pandemic. It reduced corporate income tax rates, provided tax relief measures, and rationalized fiscal incentives.

"As CREATE establishes a performance-based, time-bound, targeted, and transparent tax in-

centives regime in the country, incentivized projects or activities under the key structural tax reform are to achieve performance metrics to ensure that the grant of fiscal support to registered business enterprises leads to higher economic returns," the DoF said.

In August, Albay Rep. Jose Ma. Clemente S. Salceda filed the CRE-ATE to Maximize Opportunities for Reinvigorating the Economy (CREATE MORE) bill, which seeks to reconcile disparities between the CREATE Act and its implementing rules, primarily on value-added tax (VAT)-related transactions.

CREATE, S1/9