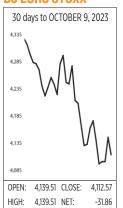
NASDAQ COMPOSITE DOW JONES 30 days to OCTOBER 9, 2023 OPEN: 33,259.84 CLOSE: 33,604.65

HIGH: 33.631.81 NET:



LOW: 33,253.69 PREV: 33,407.58 **DJ EURO STOXX**

225-NIKKEI



LOW: 13,277.48 PREV: 13,431.34

30 days to OCTOBER 9, 2023 30 days to OCTOBER 9, 2023 OPEN: 7.494.58 CLOSE: 7.492.21 OPEN: 13,326.22 CLOSE: 13,484.24 HIGH: 13,509.30 NET: 52.90

HIGH: 7,540.57 NET: LOW: 7,473.19 PREV: 7,494.58 **KOSPI**

30 days to OCTOBER 10, 2023

OPEN: 2,436.58 CLOSE: 2,402.58

HIGH: 2.448.24 NET:

the Middle East. Brent crude settled \$3.57 or 4.2% higher at \$88.15 a barrel. US West Texas Intermediate (WTI) crude closed at \$86.38 a barrel, up \$3.59 or 4.3%. At their session highs, both benchmarks spiked by more than \$4 or over 5%.

HOUSTON - Oil prices surged

4% on Monday, recouping some

of last week's steep losses, as mili-

tary clashes between Israel and

the Palestinian Islamist group

Hamas ignited fears that a wider

conflict could hit oil supply from

Last week, Brent fell by about 11% and WTI retreated by more than 8%, the biggest weekly decline since March, as a darkening macroeconomic outlook intensified concerns about global demand.

On Saturday, Hamas launched the largest military assault on Israel in decades. Israel retaliated with a wave of air strikes on Gaza.

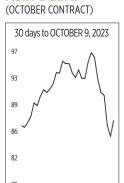
"The most serious outcome for crude is that the conflict escalates into a more devastating proxy war which could affect crude supply," said Rebecca Babin, senior energy trader at CIBC Private Wealth US.

Israel's port of Ashkelon and its oil terminal have been shut in the wake of the conflict, sources said.

The eruption of violence threatens to derail US efforts to broker a rapprochement between

DOLLARS PER BBL

ton and Rivadh.



\$/bbl 91.10 90.67 86.35 84.80 87.05 Average (October 2-9) \$88.85 Average (September 4-29) \$93.28

Saudi Arabia and Israel, in which

the kingdom would normal-

ize ties with Israel in return for

a defense deal between Washing-

Saudi officials reportedly on

Friday told the White House

they were willing to raise output

next year as part of the proposed

conflict reduced the likelihood

of normalization of Israel's rela-

tions with Saudi Arabia, and the

associated boost to Saudi produc-

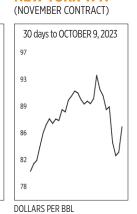
tion over time. It does not see

Goldman Sachs said the

NEW YORK-WTI

spurs fears of supply tightness

Oil surges as Mideast conflict



Oct. 3 \$/bbl 89.23 | 84.22 | 82.31 | 82.79 | 86.38

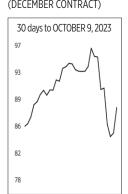
Average (October 2-9) \$85.63 Average (September 1-29) \$89.43

the attacks

rest of the year.

spite US sanctions.

LONDON-BRENT (DECEMBER CONTRACT)



DOLL ADCIDED BBI

any immediate major effect on

near-term oil inventories from

Riyadh and Moscow have

agreed to a combined 1.3 million

barrel per day (bpd) voluntary

cut until the end of 2023. New

disruptions would exacerbate an

expected supply tightness for the

Analysts suggested the im-

plications of the conflict could

include a potential slowdown

in Iranian exports, which have

grown significantly this year, de-

Average (September 1-29) \$92.5								
Average (October 2-9) \$87.3								
/bbl	90.92	85.81	84.07	84.58	88			
Oct.	3	4	5	6	0.			
		4	_	6	Γ			

Source: REUTERS

sources said. The conflict is likely to lead to higher volatility and speculation in oil markets, the CEO of Brazil's

"If the US were to judge that

Iran is involved in Hamas' at-

tack, this could lead it to <turn

the screws' on Iran's oil exports

by enforcing sanctions more

strictly," said Caroline Bain, chief

commodities economist at Capi-

Iran's production has risen by

close to 600,000 bpd during the

past year, while crude stored on and offshore has been sold into

market, mitigating some of the

tightness being orchestrated by

Saudi Arabia and Russia, said

US have progressed in talks that

could provide sanction relief to

Caracas by allowing at least one

additional foreign oil firm to take

Venezuelan crude oil for debt

repayment if President Nicolas

Maduro resumes negotiations

with the opposition in Mexico,

Meanwhile, Venezuela and the

Saxo Bank's Ole Hansen.

Petrobras said. On the demand side, major international air carriers have suspended or scaled back flights to or from Tel Aviv after the attack. High oil price due to the conflict could bolster inflation, analysts said, forcing rate hikes that could

dampen demand. - **Reuters**

US stocks rise as investors monitor news headlines on Israel-Hamas conflict

WALL STREET'S major indexes closed higher on Monday while energy stocks rallied as investors digested the latest news about the conflict between Israel and the Palestinian Islamist group Hamas.

The Israeli military said it called up reservists and was imposing a total blockade of the Gaza Strip in signs it could be planning a ground assault there to defeat Hamas which launched a deadly attack over the weekend.

But late in the afternoon, a senior Hamas official said the group is open to discussions over a possible truce with Israel. US President Joseph Biden said he directed his team to coordinate with regional partners to warn anyone seeking to take advantage of the situation.

News of the conflict sparked an oil rally due to supply concerns. But stock indexes managed to reverse earlier declines with the help of more dovish US Federal Reserve official comments.

As a result, investors appeared to refocus on more US centric maters, John Augustine, said chief investment officer at Huntington National Bank in Columbus, Ohio.

"The stock market and investors are focused on two things, the economy and earnings. The US economy is not slowing, and earnings are expected to come out of a recession with reports starting this week," Mr. Augustine said.

"Those fundamentals are more powerful in the market than terrible geopolitical headlines from the weekend just as they were more powerful than a strong jobs report and worries about the Fed on Friday."

The US bond market was shut on Monday for Columbus Day, also known as Indigenous Peoples' Day.

A recent surge in US Treasury yields had pressured equities. That pressure eased as gains in the iShares Core 10+ years US bond Exchange Traded Fund (ETF)and the iShares 20+ years Treasury bond ETF suggested that yields could fall on Tuesday.

Meanwhile, Fed officials indicated that recent gains in yields on long-term US Treasury bonds, which directly influence financing costs for households and businesses, could steer the Fed from further hikes in its short-term policy rate. This eased some concerns among equity investors.

The Dow Jones Industrial Average rose by 197.07 points or 0.59% to 33,604.65. The S&P 500 gained 27.16 points or 0.63% at 4,335.66 and the Nasdaq Composite added 52.90 points or 0.39% at 13.484.24.

After rising as high as 19.6 during the session, the CBOE volatility index, often referred to as Wall Street's "fear gauge," ended at 17.7.

But traditional safe-haven assets remained in demand, with gold climbing by 1.6%, although the US dollar index gave up earlier gains and was down by 0.18%.

Rising oil prices boosted the S&P energy sector, which ended up by 3.5%, making it the biggest gainer among the S&P 500's 11 major industry sectors.

United Airlines, Delta Air Lines, and American Airlines suspended direct flights to Tel Aviv. Shares of the airlines, also hurt by rising oil prices, ended down by more than 4% each. This put pressure on the S&P 500 Passenger Airlines index, which lost 3.7%.

Defense companies had rallied after the news from Israel. with the S&P 500 Aerospace & Defense index ending up by 5.6% for its biggest one-day percentage gain since November 2020. Its biggest advancers were Northrop Grumman, which rose by 11.4%, and L3Harris Technologies, which added 9.96%.

Exchange-traded funds exposed to Israel were selling off, with iShares MSCI Israel ETF falling by 7% while the ARK Israel Innovative Technology ETF fell by 5%.

Advancing issues outnumbered declining ones on the NYSE by a 2.19-to-1 ratio; on Nasdaq, a 1.03-to-1 ratio favored decliners.

The S&P 500 posted eight new 52-week highs and 19 new lows; the Nasdaq Composite recorded

37 new highs and 326 new lows. On US exchanges, 8.71 billion shares changed hands compared with the 10.68 billion average for the last 20 sessions. - **Reuters**

SPOT PRICES

MONDAY, OCTOBER 9, 2023

PALLADIUM free \$/troy oz PALLADIUM JMI base, \$/troy oz PLATINUM free \$/troy oz PLATINUM JMI base \$/troy oz 885.00 KRUGGERAND, fob \$/troy oz 1,844.00 IRIDIUM, whs rot, \$/troy oz RHODIUM, whs rot, \$/troy oz GRAINS (October 5, 2023)

(FOB Bangkok basis at every Thursday) FRAGRANT (100%) 1st Class, \$/ton FRAGRANT (100%) 2nd Class, \$/ton RICE (5%) White Thai-\$/ton RICE (10%) White Thai-\$/ton RICE (15%) White Thai-\$/ton RICE (25%) White Thai- \$/ton (Super) 581.00 BROKER RICE A-1 Super \$/ton

COCOA ICCO Dly (SDR/mt) COCOA ICCO \$/mt 3,533.14 COFFEE ICA comp '2001 cts/lb SUGAR ISA FOB Daily Price, Carib. port cts/lb 25.55 SUGAR ISA 15-day ave.

LIFFE COFFEE New Robusta 10 MT - \$/ton

	High	Low	Sett	Psett			
Nov.	2,360	2,321	2,325	2,359			
Jan.	2,276	2,240	2,243	2,280			
Mar.	2,223	2,193	2,196	2,228			
May	2,203	2,177	2,179	2,209			
LIF	FE CC	COA					
(Ldn)-10 MT-£/ton							

	High	Low	Sett	Psett
Dec.	3,001	2,950	2,970	2,985
Mar.	2,971	2,929	2,948	2,954
May	2,872	2,837	2,855	2,857
July	2,789	2,757	2,775	2,773

COCONUT

MANILA COPRA (based on 6% moisture) Peso/100kg Buyer/Seller Lag/Qzn/Luc 23 3,300.00/3,350.00 Philippine Coconut Oil - Crude CIF NY/NOLA 53.00 PALM OIL RAIL/NOLA COCONUT OIL (PHIL/IDN), \$ per ton,

CIF Europe Oct./Nov.'23 0.00/1,080.00 0.00/1,060.00 1,010.00/1,050.00 Nov./Dec.'23 Dec./Jan.'24 Jan./Feb. '24 1,015.00/1,060.00

LONDON METAL

LME FINAL CLOSING PRICES, US\$/MT

ALUMINUM H.G. 2,241.50 **ALUMINUM Allov** 1.580.00 COPPER 8.104.00 LEAD 2.130.50 NICKEL 18.939.00 25,140.00 ZINC 2,513.00

Safe-haven gold sprints to 1-week high as Middle East unrest swells

GOLD PRICES scaled a oneweek high on Monday after military conflict between Israeli forces and Palestinian Islamist group Hamas raised political unrest in the Middle East, bolstering the safe-haven appeal of the metal.

Israel's troops were battling on Monday to clear out Hamas gunmen more than two days after they burst across the fence from Gaza on a deadly rampage.

Gold is considered a safe store of value amid political and economic turmoil.

Spot gold was up 1.1% at \$1,853.20 per ounce by 1:41 p.m. EDT (5:41 p.m. GMT), its highest since Sept. 29.

US gold futures settled 1% higher at \$1,864.30.

There are a lot of questions about what could happen next in the Middle East, and if the situation further escalates, gold prices could move toward \$1,900, said Bob Haberkorn, senior market strategist at RJO Futures. Wall Street's main indexes fell,

while crude prices jumped by more than 4% as the Middle East violence rattled markets. Market focus is also on min-

utes from the US Federal Reserve's latest monetary policy meeting and the US inflation data due later this week.

"We do not believe the FOMC will continue to hike rates into increased uncertainty, and the prospect for peak rates have suddenly moved closer despite the potential inflationary impact of higher oil prices," Ole Hansen, head of commodity strategy at Saxo Bank, wrote in Traders are now pricing in a

28% chance of another rate hike from the Fed this year, according to the CME Fedwatch tool. Higher interest rates in-

crease the opportunity cost of holding bullion.

Spot silver gained 1.2% to \$21.86 per ounce. Platinum rose by 1% to \$885.81, while palladium slumped by nearly 2% to \$1.135.99.

"Platinum demand from fuel cell vehicles is expected to offset a portion of the demand lost as autocatalyst demand falls," Heraeus analysts wrote in a note.

Raw sugar futures climb; robusta coffee hits 6-month low

NEW YORK — Raw sugar futures on ICE rose on Monday, buoyed by gains in energy markets driven by conflict in the Middle East, while robusta coffee prices slumped to a six-month low.

March raw sugar settled up by 0.44 cents or 1.6% at 27.18 cents per pound (lb).

Dealers said military clashes between Israel and the Palestinian Hamas group had driven up oil prices and also had a supportive spillover impact on some other commodity markets.

Brokers also cited potential production cuts in North America as the weather has been negative for the southern part of the United States and for Mexico. The United States Department of Agriculture will release new estimates on Thursday.

The European Commission raised its estimate of white sugar production in the current 2023/24 season to 15.6 million metric tons, from 15.5 million projected previously, and now 7% above last year's output.

December white sugar rose by \$11.90 or 1.7% at \$721.10 a

January robusta coffee fell by \$37 or 1.6% at \$2,243 a ton after hitting a six-month low of \$2,240.

Dealers noted there had been generally favorable weather in top robusta producer Vietnam where the harvest should begin to gather pace next month.

December arabica coffee was little changed at \$1.4605 per lb.

Brazil's coffee group Cecafe will release September export numbers on Tuesday.

March London cocoa fell by 6 lbs or 0.2% to 2,948 pounds

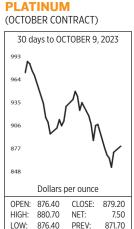
Dealers said the market had lost ground after climbing to a 46year high in mid-September and funds were continuing to scale back long positions in both London and New York cocoa The market remained under-

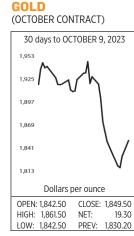
pinned by supply woes in West Africa with a third consecutive global deficit widely forecast for the 2023/24 season (October/ September).

Europe's third-quarter cocoa grind, due to be published on Thursday, will however be closely watched for any indication that high prices are curbing demand.

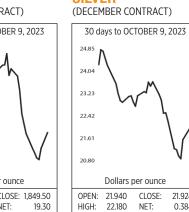
December New York cocoa fell by \$18 or 0.5% to \$3,435 a ton. - Reuters

US COMMODITY FUTURES



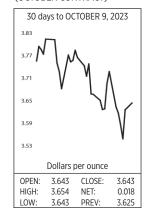


SILVER



PREV

COPPER (OCTOBER CONTRACT)



COFFEE (DECEMBER CONTRACT)

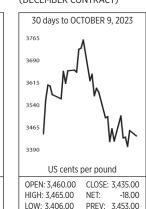


SUGAR (MARCH CONTRACT)



(DECEMBER CONTRACT)

COCOA



MONDAY, OCTOBER 9, 2023 WHEAT

(DECEMBER CONTRACT)

