

PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE'S 10 MOST ACTIVE STOCKS BY VALUE TURNOVER • SEPTEMBER 14, 2023 (PSEi snapshot on S1/4; article on S2/2)

P30.200 P129.600 P812.000 P362,941,280 P127,953,587 P127,647,980 P109,363,175 P490,472,264 P351,836,382 P279,700,385 P105,048,410 P6.000 0.966% 1.373% P8.000 1.354% 1.624% P13.000 -P2.400 **▼** -0.665%

If there are no new supply shocks,

## Remolona sees no need for rate hike

## Vehicle sales jump by annual 22% in August

AUTOMOBILE SALES in the Philippines registered a double-digit annual growth in August but saw a month-on-month sales decline amid elevated inflation.

A joint report by the Chamber of Automotive Manufacturers of the Philippines, Inc. (CAMPI) and the Truck Manufacturers Association (TMA) showed new vehicle sales rose by 21.6% to 36,714 units in August from 30,185 units in the same month a year ago.

"Consumer demand drives the auto sales further... from an already considered pre-pandemic performance a year prior amidst the above inflation target recorded anew in the same period," CAMPI President Rommel R. Gutierrez said in a statement.

However, vehicle sales slipped by 1% from 37,086 units that were sold in July, reflecting the impact of rising prices.

Headline inflation unexpectedly picked up to 5.3% in August from 4.7% in July amid rising costs of fuel and food.

CAMPI-TMA data showed commercial vehicles accounted for the bulk of the August sales. Sales of commercial vehicles rose by 13.5% to 26,620 units in August from 23,452 in the same month in 2022.

Month on month, commercial vehicle sales declined by 3.5% from 27,577 units in July.

In particular, light commercial vehicles (LCV) climbed by 16.8% to 20,991 during the month. Month on month, sales of LCVs fell by 2.9%.

Sales of Asian utility vehicles (AUV) dipped by 0.3% year on year to 4,576 in August. AUV sales slumped by 8.3% month on month.

Vehicle, S1/9

## WTO chief pushes deals on fishery, agri subsidies, says it will be tough

By Norman P. Aquino Special Reports Editor

GENEVA — World Trade Organization (WTO) Director-General Ngozi Okonjo-Iweala expects several groundbreaking deliverables at the 13<sup>th</sup> Ministerial Conference in Abu Dhabi in February, including the entry into force of a deal against overfishing and making headway in doing away with harmful subsidies in agriculture.

"Let's concentrate on those things that the multilateral trading system can deliver," she told a news briefing on Wednesday, as she cited an "atmosphere of pessimism" in the leadup to the conference amid protectionist policies that are slowly eroding the world's trading system.

"There is quite a list and if we can get two or three out of that list, I think we would have had success," she added.

WTO ministers are also working on reforms to make the WTO process more open, transparent and inclusive, as well as fix the dispute settlement system that has been hampered by a nonfunctioning Appellate Body for almost four years now.

The WTO Agreement on Fishery Subsidies is part of the "Geneva Package" adopted at the 12<sup>th</sup> Ministerial Conference in June 2022 and marks a major step forward for ocean sustainability by prohibiting harmful fishery subsidies that the WTO said are a key factor in the depletion of the world's fish stocks.

"Our oceans are 50% overfished, which means we cannot waste so much time in ratifying this agreement," Ms. Okonjo-Iweala said. "The longer we wait, the more overfishing there is. This is one reason why we are fighting for it."

Forty-three WTO members have ratified the deal, and the WTO needs 110 votes for it to take effect, she said.

The Philippines has yet to ratify the accord.

The Geneva Package also includes the WTO response to emergencies including a waiver of certain requirements on compulsory licensing for coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) vaccines, food safety and agriculture, and WTO reforms.

Ms. Okonjo-Iweala said the next step is to complete the second wave of fishery subsidy negotiations, which will consider giving developing nations policy space, special and differential treatment that will allow other members to treat them more favorably.

"We want to make sure that their development needs are factored into this second part," the WTO chief said. "We hope to complete that. It will not be easy. It's very tough but so far, we are moving on with it."

WTO ministers are also working on the food security aspect of agriculture amid volatile global prices, Ms. Okonjo-

The WTO, for one, wants to ensure that governments don't impose export restrictions on food bought for humanitarian purposes under the World Food

WTO, S1/9



By Keisha B. Ta-asan Reporter

THE BANGKO SENTRAL ng Pilipinas (BSP) does not see the need to resume monetary tightening if there are no more supply shocks such as those that fueled the uptick in August inflation.

BSP Governor Eli M. Remolona, Jr. told reporters on Thursday that the acceleration in August inflation was caused by supply shocks in food and fuel, which dissipate "fairly quickly."

"If that's all there is, if there are no further supply shocks beyond that uptick in August, then it won't be necessary to hike the policy rate," he said in a press briefing during the Alliance for Financial Inclusion (AFI) Global Policy Forum. "It won't justify an easing, (but) it won't be necessary to raise the policy rate."

The BSP has kept its key policy rate at a near 16-year high of 6.25% for the last three meetings. It has hiked borrowing costs by 425 basis points (bps) from May 2022 to March 2023.

Headline inflation quickened for the first time in seven months in August, hitting an annual 5.3%. It marked the 17<sup>th</sup> consecutive month that inflation surpassed the BSP's 2-4% target range. Inflation averaged 6.6% in the eight-month period.

"I think we should hit the (2-4%) target

ply shocks. But hitting the target range is not enough. We want to be comfortably within the target range for the year," Mr. Remolona said.

The BSP projects inflation to hit 5.6% in

range by October if there are no further sup-

2023, before easing within the target to 3.3% in 2024 and 3.5% in 2025.

Rate hike, S1/9

## More banks urged to remove fees on small transfers

THE PHILIPPINE central bank is looking to formalize the removal of fees for electronic fund transfers on small-value transactions to encourage more Filipinos to use digital payments, its chief said.

BSP Governor Eli M. Remolona, Jr. said three big banks have already removed fees on small fund transfers.

"(Fund transfers of) up to P1,000 I think are free for these three major banks and we're trying to shame the other major banks into following the same policy," he said on the sidelines of the 2023 Alliance for Financial Inclusion (AFI) Global Policy Forum in Pasay City.

Bank of the Philippine Islands (BPI), Metropolitan Bank & Trust Co. (Metrobank), and Union Bank of the Philippines (UnionBank) are currently the only banks that have temporarily waived charges for InstaPay transactions.

For BPI customers, Instapay transfers of up to P1,000 made using the mobile app will be free until Sept. 30. Customers of Union-Bank and Metrobank will be able to make similar transfers for free until Nov. 11 and Dec. 31, respectively.

Mr. Remolona said the BSP is currently using moral suasion to persuade the Bankers Association of the Philippines (BAP) to remove or lower the transfer charges for small-value transactions.

"(Moral suasion) works to a large extent, but we're formalizing it into a whole payments framework," he said. "So, we're talking to the BAP on Friday about payments in general. We have some discussions and out of that we expect something more formal to come out."

Aside from the BAP, the central bank is also in discussions with digital payment providers GCash and Maya Bank to reduce fund transfer fees.

Transfers, S1/9

