P25 BUSINESSVORD N METRO 1ANILA.

| STOCK MARKET | ASIAN MARKETS | WORLD MARKETS | PESO-DOLLAR RATES | ASIAN MONIES-US\$ RATE | WORLD CURRENCIES | DUBAI CRUDE OIL |
|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| 6700 РЅЕі 6520 6340 6160 5980 3.54 prs. 0,05% 30 DAYS TO SEPTEMBER 12, 2023 00 EN: 6,238.89 HIGH: 6,260.87 LOW: 6,230.20 CLOSE: 6,230.20 VOL: 0.536 B VAL(P): 3.969 B | Sydney (All Ordinaries) 7,206.90 🔺 14.60 | 0.39 NASDAQ 13,917.894 A 156.368 0.85 S&P 500 4,487.460 A 29.970 0.30 S&P 500 4,487.460 A 29.970 | 54.40 FX 55.12 OPEN P56.720 HIGH P56.630 LOW P56.790 CLOSE P56.650 57.28 NAVE. P56.711 58.00 4.00 crvs VOL. \$1,111.18 M 30 DAYS TO SEPTEMBER 12, 2023 SOURCE : BAP | SEPTEMBER 12, 2023 PREVIOUS JAPAN (YEN) 146.800 146.600 HONG KONG (HK DOLLAR) 7.830 7.835 TAIWAN (NT DOLLAR) 32.057 31.975 THALLAND (BAHT) 35.620 35.480 S. KOREA (WON) 1,327.680 1,329.820 SINGAPORE (DOLLAR) 1.362 1,329.820 MALAYSIA (RUPIAH) 15,335 15,320 MALAYSIA (RINGGIT) 4.675 4.670 | SEPTEMBER 12, 2023 CLOSE PREVIOUS US\$/UK POUND 1.2469 ▼ 1.2523 US\$/Euro 1.0718 ▼ 1.0724 US\$/AUST DOLLAR 0.6423 ▼ 0.6434 CANADA DOLLAR/US\$ 1.3577 ▼ 1.3595 Swiss FRANC/US\$ 0.8915 ▼ 0.8916 | FUTURES PREC ON NARABEST MONTH OF DELIVERY 92.00 \$91.60/BBL 93.80 85.40 83.20 81.00 \$0.51 30 DAYS TO SEPTEMBER 11, 2023 |
| VOL. XXXVI • ISSUE 35 | | WEDNESDAY • SEPTEM | BER 13, 2023 • www.bwo | rldonline.com | S1/1-12 | 2 • 2 SECTIONS, 16 PAGES |
| | PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE | 'S 10 MOST ACTIVE STOCKS BY | VALUE TURNOVER • SEPTEMBER 1 | 2, 2023 (PSEi snapshot on <i>S1/5</i> ; | article on S2/2) | |
| BDO P132.600 BPI Value P416,187,486 Value P1.100 0.837% P1.600 | P107.500 ICT P209.000 P296,155,927 Value P220,657,290 ▲ 1.511% -P2.000 ▼ -0.948% | | P184,014,485 Value P183,033,295 V | alue P158,390,130 Value P145,1 | 72,845 Value P140,544,145 V | AC P625.000 Value P137,742,000 P2.000 🛦 0.321% |

PHL plans sukuk issue by yearend

WTO warns against global trade split-up

By Norman P. Aquino Special Reports Editor

GENEVA - Geopolitical tensions and recent crises have spurred protectionist policies that are slowly eroding the world's trading system and could ultimately fragment the global economy, the World Trade Organization (WTO) said, as it called for a renewed drive toward a broader and more inclusive integration.

In its annual Global Trade Report released on Tuesday, the world's biggest economic organization said the tariff escalation between the US and China has slowed trade growth between them, while there have been signs of trade reorientation along geopolitical lines since Russia invaded Ukraine in February 2022.

Despite these challenges, international trade continues to thrive, and talk of deglobalization is on balance still far from supported by the data, Ralph Ossa, the WTO chief economist, told reporters at a news briefing in Geneva.

"We need to embrace trade instead of rejecting it if we want to overcome the most pressing challenges of our times," he said. "The report makes the case for extending trade integration to more economies, to more people and to more issues - a process we call re-globalization."

A strong multilateral trading system is the "best guarantor of economic security" because it provides the options needed when faced with supply shortages, Mr. Ossa said, citing the global coronavirus pandemic as an example.

In the report, the WTO said globalization

HOW DOES THE SEVERITY OF HUMANITARIAN CRISIS IN THE PHILIPPINES **COMPARE WITH OTHER COUNTRIES?**

The Philippines kept its score of 2.5 (out of 5) in the August 2023 iteration of the INFORM (Index for Risk Management) Severity Index. The country is classified under "medium" INFORM severity category with a "decreasing" trend in the past three months. The index is a composite indicator designed to assess the severity of a humanitarian crisis against a common scale using various data from publicly available sources. The country's severity score in August was driven by the Mindanao conflict and Typhoon Paeng (international name: Nalgae).





By Luisa Maria Jacinta C. Jocson Reporter

THE PHILIPPINE government is looking to issue Islamic bonds, also known as sukuk bonds, by yearend or in the first quarter, National Treasurer Rosalia V. de Leon said.

This would mark the Philippines' debut in the Islamic bond market, as the government looks to fund its budget deficit.

"As for the timing, we've been told that there would have to be a 12-week preparatory lead time that would be needed, so hopefully we can do this before the end of the year or if ever, it would have to slip to the first quarter of 2024," Ms. De Leon said during the Philippine Economic Briefing in Dubai on Tuesday.

She said that the government is now consulting potential underwriters for the details of the issuance, including its structure, which may be a "hybrid Wakalah, Ijara or Murabaha."

"In terms of the tenor size, I think the sweet spot would be

between the long (tenors of) five and the 10-year (bonds) because this would also be something that would be catering to our small investors and at the same time also to the institutional investors," she said.

Ms. De Leon did give the offer size for the planned sukuk bonds. In July, Finance Secretary Benjamin E. Diokno told Bloomberg that the government was eveing to raise \$1 billion from the sukuk bond deal.

Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) Assistant Governor Arifa A. Ala said that the sukuk issuance is a "good complement" for the central bank's efforts to promote Islamic banking in the country.

"Having sukuk bonds being issued by the National Government will send a strong signal that the Philippines is now ready to accept applicants (and) new players in the Islamic banking system," she added.

Ms. De Leon also reaffirmed the government's plan to offer US dollar-denominated retail Treasury bonds within the month. Sukuk, S1/9

AMRO trims 2023 PHL growth outlook

PHILIPPINE gross domestic product (GDP) growth is demand is expected to relikely to fall slightly below the government's target this year, the ASEAN+3 Macroeconomic Research Office (AMRO) said. "The Philippines' economic growth is projected to moderate to 5.9% in 2023 due to high base effects and weaker external demand, before edging up to 6.5% in 2024 as external demand recovers," AMRO Group Head and Principal Economist Runchana Pongsaparn said in a statement on Tuesday.

"Meanwhile, domestic main robust supported by

must evolve in response to new challenges and needs to be accompanied by appropriate domestic policies.

"Re-globalization offers a better path forward," WTO Director-General Ngozi Okonjo-Iweala said in the foreword of the 134-page report. "Bringing more countries and communities from the margins of the global economy to the mainstream would make for deeper, more diversified markets that are more resilient to shocks."

WTO, S1/3

BoI-approved investments hit P800 billion

THE BOARD of Investments (BoI) has already approved P800 billion worth of investments as of early September, surpassing last year's level, Trade Secretary Alfredo E. Pascual said.

Mr. Pascual told reporters on Monday that the BoI's year-to-date investment approvals have already exceeded the P729 billion in investments it greenlit in 2022.

The Trade chief said the BoI appears to be on track to reach its revised P1.5-trillion full-year target.

"I am confident that this target could be achieved. There is even a possibility that it could be surpassed," he told reporters in mixed English and Filipino.

The BoI raised its target for investment approvals this year by 50% to P1.5 trillion from the original P1 trillion.

Mr. Pascual had also said the Philippines is aiming to be a top-two destination within the Association of Southeast Asian Nations for foreign direct investments.

"But the more immediate and reliable barometer is the entry of investments in the BoI," he said. – J.I.D. Tabile

| Type of Crisis | Multiple Crises | Complex Crisis | Country Level Crises | Multiple Crises | International Displacement | Multiple Crises | Multiple Situations |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| INFORM Severity Category | Very High | High | Medium | Medium | Medium | Medium | Low |
| Trend (Last 3 months) | Increasing | Stable | Decreasing | Decreasing | Stable | – | Stable |
| | MYANMAR | NORTH KOREA | INDONESIA | PHILIPPINES | MALAYSIA | MONGOLIA | THAILAND |
| Country | | | | | | | |
| Count | rios With H | inhest Severity | Scoros | | | | |

Countries With Highest Severity Scores

1 (Very Low) to 5 (Very High)

| Country | Type of Crisis | INFORM Severity Score (Out of 5) | INFORM Severity Category | Trend (last 3 months) |
|---------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| Somalia | Complex crisis | 4.7 | Very High | Stable |
| Yemen | Conflict | 4.7 | Very High | Stable |
| Myanmar | Multiple crises | 4.6 | Very High | Increasing |
| Sudan | Complex crisis | 4.6 | Very High | Increasing |
| Syria | Conflict | 4.6 | Very High | Stable |

Countries With Lowest Severity Scores

| Country | Type of Crisis | INFORM Severity Score (Out of 5) | INFORM Severity Category | Trend (last 3 months) |
|--------------------|---|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| Romania | Conflict and International displacement | 1.5 | Low | Increasing |
| Hungary | International displacement | 1.6 | Low | Increasing |
| Dominican Republic | International displacement | 1.8 | Low | Decreasing |
| Spain | International displacement | 1.8 | Low | Stable |
| Slovakia | Conflict and International displacement | 1.8 | Low | Stable |

Historical Trend: Philippines*

| Date | Type of Crisis | INFORM Severity Score (Out of 5) | INFORM Severity Category | Trend (last 3 months) | |
|--------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| August 2022 | Multiple crises | 3.1 | High | Decreasing | |
| September | Multiple crises | 2.9 | Medium | Decreasing | |
| October | Multiple crises | 2.9 | Medium | Decreasing | |
| November | Multiple crises | 3.0 | Medium | Decreasing | |
| December | Multiple crises | 3.1 | High | Stable | |
| January 2023 | Multiple crises | 2.7 | Medium | Decreasing | |
| February | Multiple crises | 2.6 | Medium | Decreasing | |
| March | Multiple crises | 2.6 | Medium | Decreasing | |
| April | Multiple crises | 2.6 | Medium | Decreasing | |
| May | Multiple crises | 2.6 | Medium | Decreasing | |
| June | Multiple crises | 2.5 | Medium | Stable | |
| July | Multiple crises | 2.5 | Medium | Decreasing | |
| August | Multiple crises | 2.5 | Medium | Decreasing | |

SOURCE: INFORM SEVERITY INDEX AUGUST 2023 (HTTPS://DRMKC.JRC.EC.EUROPA.EU/INFORM-INDEX/INFORM-SEVERITY/RESULTS-AND-DATA) BUSINESSWORLD RESEARCH: ABIGAIL MARIE P. YRAOLA BUSINESSWORLD GRAPHICS: BONG R. FORTIN

Mr. Pongsaparn was part of the AMRO team that visited Manila from Aug. 29 to Sept. 8. for its annual consultation.

continued improvement in labor market conditions, lower inflation, robust overseas remittances, and higher government infrastructure spending," he said.

The think tank's latest 2023 GDP forecast is lower than the 6.2% it gave in its Regional Economic Outlook Report in July. It also falls below the government's 6-7% GDP target.

AMRO kept its Philippine growth forecast for 2024 unchanged at 6.5% amid an expected recovery in external demand. This is at the lower end of the government's 6.5-8% target for next year. AMRO, SI/9

Central bank ready to act as price pressures persist

THE BANGKO SENTRAL ng Pilipinas (BSP) stands ready to act as necessary to address any risk to inflation, which is still seen to fall within the 2-4% target range by fourth quarter this year, an official said.

BSP Deputy Governor Francisco G. Dakila, Jr. said inflation will fall within the 2-4% target range in the fourth quarter, barring unprecedented supply shocks.

"Nevertheless, we continue to see that the risks to the inflation outlook have remained tilted towards the upside both for this year and for next year," he said during the Philippine

Economic Briefing in Dubai on Tuesday.

"The BSP remains ready to respond as necessary to any risks that threaten the achievement of the inflation target."

Inflation accelerated for the first time in seven months in August, as food and transport costs surged. Inflation rose to 5.3% in August, marking the 17^{th} consecutive month that inflation surpassed the BSP's 2-4% target.

For the January-to-August period, inflation averaged 6.6%, still above the central bank's 5.6% full-year forecast.

Price pressures, S1/12



THE ECONOMY Single market seen boosting ASEAN resilience vs supply chain disruptions *S1/2* THE NATION **Ressa, Rappler Holdings beat** tax evasion raps anew *S1/12*

ARTS & LEISURE Objects of antiquity unveiled to the public S2/4



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