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Rules for Maharlika fund released

Philippines, JICA sign ¥30-billion loan deal

THE PHILIPPINES and the Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA) signed a ¥30-billion (around P11.6-billion) loan agreement to strengthen the country's disaster resilience.

"The loan seeks to support swift recovery after natural disasters by promoting policy actions on Disaster Risk Reduction and Management (DRRM) and strengthening disaster preparedness by providing quick-disbursing budget support," the Department of Finance (DoF) said in a statement on Tuesday.

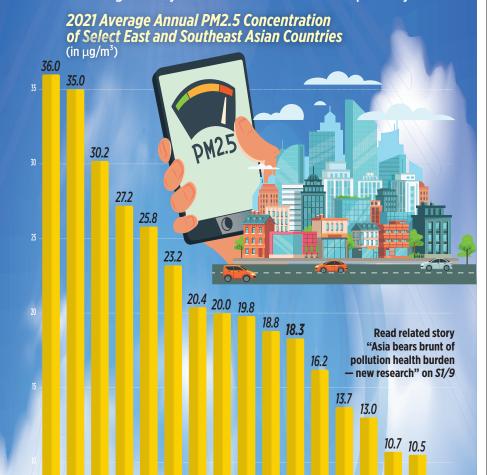
Finance Secretary Benjamin E. Diokno and JICA Senior Vice-President Nakazawa Keiichiro signed the loan agreement on Monday in Tokyo, Japan.

The agreement covers the third phase of the post-disaster standby loan (PDSL), which would provide funds to ensure that recovery and reconstruction will be accelerated.

"JICA continues to support the Philippines in its disaster risk reduction and management efforts, and the PDSL will help boost resilience in times of disasters. We are living in the same disaster-prone countries, and we can support each other as close partners," JICA Chief Representative Sakamoto Takema said in a separate statement. JICA, S1/9

HOW DOES PHL'S AIR QUALITY COMPARE WITH OTHER COUNTRIES?

The Philippines' air quality — as measured by annual average concentration of PM2.5* — reached 18.3 micrograms per cubic meter (μ g/m³) in 2021, latest data from the Air Quality Life Index released by the University of Chicago's Energy Policy Institute. This was more than three times higher than the 5 μ g/m³ annual average of PM2.5 concentration prescribed by the World Health Organization. Should this guideline be met, Filipinos would have gained a year and three months in life expectancy.



THE PHILIPPINES took a step closer to starting the operations of its first sovereign wealth fund with the release of the implementing rules and regulations (IRR) for the Maharlika Investment Fund (MIF).

"The MIF will serve as a crucial financing mechanism to widen fiscal space, ease the burden on local funds, and reduce reliance on official development assistance (ODA) in funding big-ticket projects such as those specified in the recently approved Infrastructure Flagship Project (IFP) list," Finance Secretary Benjamin E. Diokno said in a statement.

In July, President Ferdinand R. Marcos, Jr. signed into law Republic Act No. 11954, which created the Philippines' first sovereign wealth fund. The IRR, which was published in the *Official Gazette* on Monday, will take effect on Sept. 12. A copy of the IRR was not yet available on the *Official Gazette* website as of press time.

"The MIF Act's IRR is faithful to the law to ensure that the prescribed procedures and guidelines will lead to its harmonized application," National Treasurer Rosalia V. de Leon said.

Ms. De Leon said the Bureau of the Treasury (BTr), Development Bank of the Philippines (DBP), and Land Bank of the Philippines (LANDBANK) worked to ensure the IRR is consistent with the MIF Act.

The fund will be managed by the Maharlika Investment Corp. (MIC), which will have an authorized capital stock of P500 billion (\$8.9 billion).

Maharlika, S1/3

PHL economic growth seen to further slow



Hotel101 expands in Japan

DOUBLEDRAGON Corp. started construction on the Hotel101-Niseko project in Hokkaido, Japan on Aug. 26. DoubleDragon Corp. Chairman Edgar "Injap" J. Sia II (fourth from left) and Co-Chairman Tony Tan Caktiong (first from left), along with Niseko Mayor Kenya Katayama and Kutchan Hokkaido Mayor Kazushi Monji led the groundbreaking ceremony for the 482-room hotel. Hotel101 is the first-ever Filipino homegrown hotel chain to expand in other countries.

BIR surpasses July collection target by 5%

THE BUREAU of Internal Revenue (BIR) exceeded its collection target in July, as the agency ramped up its efforts against buyers and sellers of fake receipts.

The BIR collected P273.13 billion in July, surpassing its P259.91billion collection target by 5.09%.

This was also 38.37% or P75.73 billion higher than its collection in July 2022.

For the first seven months, the BIR's gross collections jumped by 12.21% to P1.49 trillion (net of tax refund).

"With the intensification of the Bureau's tax enforcement activities, specifically on the campaign against sellers and buyers of fake receipts, and with our newly forged partnership with multi-sectoral groups for the enhancement of taxpayers' service, we are confident that the BIR can attain, if not surpass, its annual collection target this year," BIR Commissioner Romeo D. Lumagui, Jr. said in a statement.

The BIR is targeting to collect P2.64 trillion this year, which is 13% higher than the actual collection of P2.34 trillion in 2022.

Broken down, the agency is targeting to collect P1.32 trillion from taxes on net income and profits. It also aims to collect P538.13 billion from value-added tax, P336.1 billion from excise taxes, P124.65 billion from percentage taxes, and P224.15 billion from other taxes.

The BIR earlier this year filed numerous criminal cases against sellers and buyers of so-called "ghost receipts."

Mr. Lumagui earlier estimated that as much as P370 billion in tax revenue may have been lost due to the proliferation of fake receipts.



NOTE: *PM2.5 is a particulate matter consisting of fine aerosol particles measuring 2.5 microns or smaller in diameter. It is one of the pollutants and is commonly accepted as the most harmful to human health due to its prevalence in the environment and broad range of health effects.

10 Most Polluted Countries

| Country or Territory | Average PM2.5 (μg/m³) | Life Expectancy Gains if WHO Guideline is Met (in years) |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| Bangladesh | 74.0 | 6.8 |
| India | 58.7 | 5.3 |
| Nepal | 51.7 | 4.6 |
| Pakistan | 44.7 | 3.9 |
| Mongolia | 36.0 | 3.0 |
| Myanmar | 35.0 | 2.9 |
| Democratic Republic of the Congo | 34.6 | 2.9 |
| Republic of the Congo | 32.4 | 2.7 |
| Rwanda | 32.4 | 2.7 |
| Burundi | 31.9 | 2.6 |

10 Least Polluted Countries

| Country or Territory | Average PM2.5 (μg/m ³) | Life Expectancy Gains if WHO Guideline is Met (in years) |
|--|---------------------------------------|---|
| Spratly Islands | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Niue | 0.9 | 0.0 |
| American Samoa | 1.0 | 0.0 |
| Cook Islands | 1.0 | 0.0 |
| Kiribati | 1.0 | 0.0 |
| Marshall Islands | 1.0 | 0.0 |
| Micronesia | 1.0 | 0.0 |
| Northern Mariana Islands | 1.0 | 0.0 |
| Greenland | 1.2 | 0.0 |
| Samoa | 1.2 | 0.0 |
| SOURCE: ENERGY POLICY INSTITUTE AT THE UNIVERSITY OF C | HICAGO'S 2023 AIR QUALITY LIFE INDEX | (HTTPS://AQLI.EPIC.UCHICAGO.EDU/) |

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BIR, S1/3

THE WORLD World now facing gloomy stew of debt, trade wars and poor productivity *S1/9*

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PHILIPPINE ECONOMIC GROWTH is likely to further slow this year and in 2024, amid "strong" external headwinds and the end of "revenge spending," GlobalSource Partners said in a report.

GlobalSource said it cut its Philippine gross domestic product (GDP) forecast to 5.2% for this year from 5.5% previously. It also slashed its GDP forecast for 2024 to 5% from 5.8% previously.

Both projections are below the government's 6-7% target this year and the 6.5-8% goal in 2024.

"Economic growth is slackening. On one hand, multiple headwinds continue to buffet the economy — from weak external growth and tight global financial conditions to volatile commodity prices and high local inflation," GlobalSource analysts Romeo L. Bernardo and Maria Christine Tang said in a report dated Aug. 28.

"On the other hand, the tailwind from post-pandemic revenge spending is losing force and, here as elsewhere, the expected swift recovery of Chinese tourism is not happening," it added.

The Philippine economy expanded by a weaker-than-expected 4.3% in the second quarter, its slowest growth in over two years.

For the first half, GDP growth averaged 5.3%. The economy would have to grow by 6.6% in the second half to hit the government's target.

GlobalSource said the Philippine economy will continue to face "strong" headwinds going into 2024, amid a slowdown in major trading partners, relatively tight financial conditions and fiscal constraints

"Although we expect monetary easing to start next year, the absence of new growth drivers beyond remittances and service exports compels a significant reduction in our (2024) GDP growth forecast from 5.8% to 5%," GlobalSource said.

Economic growth, S1/9



THE ECONOMY BoC signals hoarding crackdown with plan to inspect warehouses S1/3

OPINION The OEW as a norm

The OFW as a permanent phenomenon: Nurses needed everywhere *S1/6*