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PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE'S 10 MOST ACTIVE STOCKS BY VALUE TURNOVER • DECEMBER 28, 2022 (PSEi snapshot on S1/2; article on S2/2)

P230,000 P1,313.000 P105.900 GLO P2,236.000 P910.000 P15.660 P7.640 P35.500 BPI P99.000 Value Value P404,663,805 P265,205,665 Value P225,500,373 Value P189,819,266 P181,482,544 Value P151,672,120 P144,080,995 P132,259,130 P108,403,905 P107,278,099 P51.000 P0.000 **— 0.000**% P0.960 P0.060 0.792% P1.000 4.041% 6.531% **0.437**% -P0.600

'Better years' ahead for PHL — Diokno

DESPITE a looming global recession, the Philippines is still expected to have one of the highest growth rates among six Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) member-economies next year, Finance Secretary Benjamin E. Diokno said.

"After the highly unprecedented pandemic, followed by Russia's inva-

sion of Ukraine and a weakening China growth, the global economy is likely to face a mild recession next year. But for the Philippines, the worst is over, and better years are expected," Mr. Diokno said in a statement.

For 2022, he said that the economy will likely grow faster than the government's official target range of 6.5-7.5%.

The Development Budget Coordination Committee (DBCC) projects gross domestic product (GDP) growth at 6-7% in 2023, a narrower band than its previous target of 6.5-8%

"Many institutions and experts have predicted a global recession in 2023, and consequently, downgraded Philippine GDP outlook to less than 6%," Mr. Diokno said.

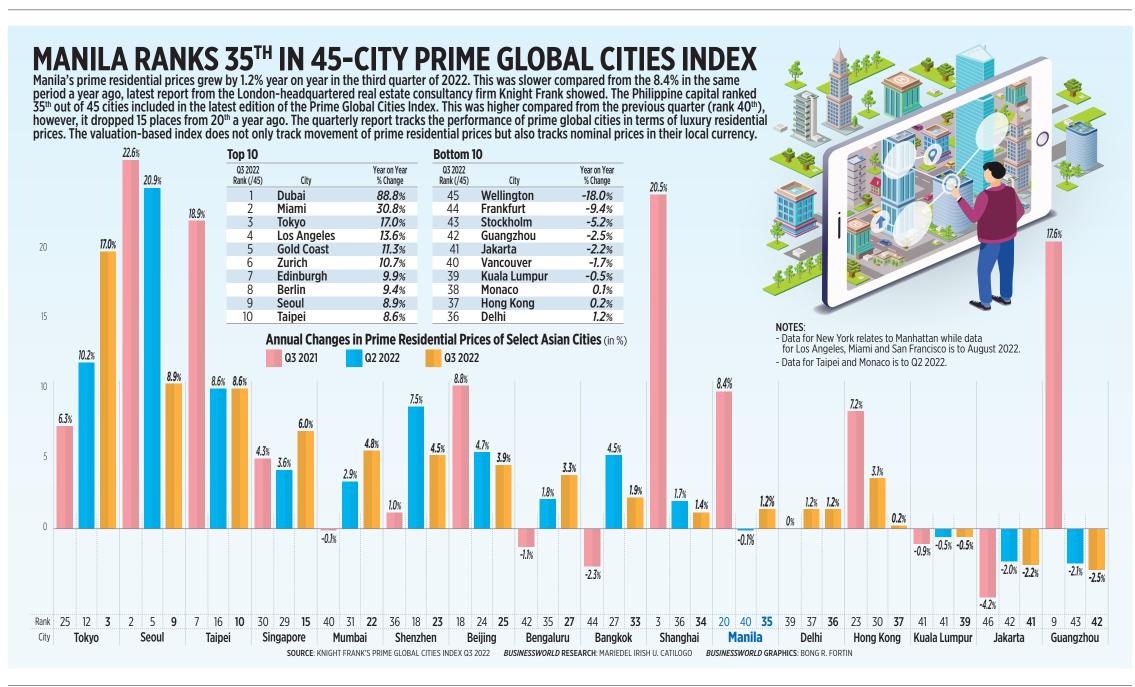
"But an average GDP growth of 6.5% is nothing to be sneezed at: it is still one of the highest, if not the highest, growth rates among ASEAN+6 economies."

The Asian Development Bank (ADB) earlier this month gave a 6% GDP growth forecast for the Philippines next year. This is the second-fastest growth forecast

among Southeast Asian economies, after Vietnam's 6.3%.

Mr. Diokno said the positive outlook is due to several reasons, including the early approval of the 2023 national budget and the adoption of the first-ever Medium-Term Fiscal Framework and the Philippine Development Plan (PDP).

Diokno, S1/5



Telcos told to explain SIM registration issues

THE National Telecommunications Commission (NTC) ordered the country's major mobile network carriers to explain issues encountered on the first day of the mandatory subscriber identity module (SIM) card registration.

NTC Deputy Commissioner and Officer-in-Charge Ella Blanca B. Lopez issued a memorandum dated Dec. 27 to DITO Telecommunity Corp., Globe Telecom, Inc., and Smart Communications, Inc., asking them to submit the written report the next day.

"You are hereby directed to report to this commission the incidents of incomplete registration, platform involved, number of subscribers affected, geographical area, and actions taken to address these issues, as well as actions to mitigate or eliminate future incidents of similar nature," Ms. Lopez said in the memorandum.

She said the commission received "numerous incidents involving unsuccessful or incomplete SIM registration from the general public" on Tuesday, the first day of the mandatory SIM card registration.

"There are also initial social media reports of registration sites being down or inaccessible to subscribers," she added.

Sought for comment, DITO said in a statement that it was already in "close coordination" with the commission

DITO said there were close to 500,000 subscribers who registered their SIM cards as of 1 p.m. on Wednesday.

The third telco player has said nearly 15 million subscribers and potential customers are expected to register.

SIM, S1/4

BoC raises next year's revenue collection target

By Luisa Maria Jacinta C. **Jocson** Reporter

THE Bureau of Customs (BoC) raised its revenue collection target for 2023 to P901.3 billion. as the Philippine peso is expected to further depreciate against the US dollar.

"Based on the emerging target approved by the Development **Budget Coordination Committee** (DBCC), the Customs bureau is expected to generate P901.3 billion in revenue next year," according to the BoC Financial Service.

"The emerging collection target is (18%) higher by P135.8 billion compared to the 2023 Budget of Expenditure and Sources of Financing (BESF) program level of P765.6 billion due to higher exchange rate assumptions despite lower projected Dubai crude oil price and slower import growth compared with 2022," the BoC Financial Service added.

The DBCC earlier this month upwardly revised the peso-dollar exchange rate assumption to P5559 in 2023, from P51-55 previously. Economic managers noted the peso "continues to depreciate due to heightened global uncertainties and aggressive monetary policy tightening of the US Federal Reserve."

According to the DBCC's latest assumptions, Dubai crude oil price is expected to slip to \$80-100 per barrel in 2023, from \$98-100 this year.

The DBCC also lowered the imports growth target to 4% in 2023, from 6% previously. This is much slower than this year's 20% growth goal.

Next year, Customs is expected to collect P570.3 billion in valueadded tax (VAT) from imports, P207.4 billion in excise taxes, P105.1 billion in import duties and P18.5 billion in other fees.

The BoC's collection target for 2023 is 24.9% higher than this year's P721.5-billion target, which has already been exceeded.

From January to Dec. 27, the BoC has already collected P851 billion. This figure is 18% higher than its target for the period and exceeds last year's collection by 32%. Collection, S1/5

Business group expects economic gains from Marcos' state visit to China

THE PHILIPPINES should expect more partnerships with China in trade, tourism, agriculture, public housing, and security after President Ferdinand R. Marcos, Jr.'s state visit next week, a Filipino-Chinese business group said on Wednesday.

"We are hopeful for enhanced Philippines-China economic and development partnership, especially in areas of agriculture, trade, infrastructure. energy, tourism, and people-to-people exchanges," Henry Lim Bon Liong, president of the Federation of Filipino-Chinese Chambers of Commerce and Industry, Inc. (FFCCCII), told a public forum on Wednesday.

"Likewise, there are opportunities to explore technological cooperation in telecoms, bioscience, medical science, energy, mining, and industrial development," he added.

Mr. Marcos is scheduled to meet Chinese President Xi Jingping during his state visit to China, which starts on Jan. 3. The FFCCCII will be part of the Philippine business delegation to China.

Mr. Lim Bon Liong said the Philippines should also consider fisheries cooperation between rural coastal fishing communities, as well as partnerships in security, disaster preparedness, public housing and public health.

"We hope this state visit shall pave the way for more infrastructure cooperation, especially since China is now the world leader in modern and high-speed trains, in bridge and other construction technologies," he said.

China has funded several Philippine projects such as the Estrella-Pantaleon Bridge and the Binondo-Intramuros Bridge.

Citing China's "growing consumer market," Mr. Lim Bon Liong said Beijing would need sources of tropical fruits like banana, pineapple, durian, avocado and mango.

"Let us export and sell more to China." he said.

The Philippines should also take advantage of the opportunity to attract

more tourists from China, which is further easing coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) restrictions from next month.

China was the second largest source of inbound travelers to the Philippines before the pandemic. In 2019, 1.74 million Chinese tourists visited the Philippines, up 38.58% from 1.25 million in 2018.

"We in the Philippines have already opened our doors to foreign tourists and we hope this state visit of President Marcos can help us woo affluent China tourists again to visit our country as they reopen for travel," Mr. Lim Bon Liong said.

China, S1/5



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