P25 Businessvord N METRO 1ANILA. PHILIPPINES

STOCK MARKET 6900 6719 6538 6357 6357 6357 6357 6357 6357 6357 6357 6357 6357 6357 6357 6357 6357 6357 6357 6358 6357 6358 6357 6358 6357 63588 6358 6358 63588 6358 6358 6358 6358 6358 63	JAPAN (Nikkei 225) 27,626.51 € HONG KONG (HANG SENG) 19,202.73 ▼ -22 TAIWAN (WEIGHTED) 14,677.20 11 11 THAILAND (SET INDEX) 1,634.99 4 12 S.KOREA (KSE COMPOSITE) 2,410.02 € 6 Storapore (SITRATIS TIMES) 3,234.11 ▲ 18 Storapore (ALL ORDINARIES) 6,826.50 ▼ -22	10 0.11 NASDAQ 1,530,504 ▼ 1,54,252 99 0.80 S&P 500 3,924,260 ▼ -42.590 34 0.26 FTSE 100 7,287,430 ▲ 6.240 63 0.58 Euro Stoxx50 3,501,140 ▼ -7.940	56.20 56.75 HIGH P56.860 LOW P57.000 CLOSE P57.000	ASIAN MONIES-US\$ RATE SEPTEMBER 6, 2022 LATEST BID (0900GMT) PREVIOUS JAPAN (YEN) 141.780 ¥ 140.530 HONG KONG (HK DOLLAR) 7.849 ₹ 7.849 TAWAN (NT DOLLAR) 30.814 ¥ 30.707 THAILAND (BAHT) 36.570 ¥ 36.560 S. KOREA (WON) 1.376.820 ¥ 1.370.810 SINGAPORE (DOLLAR) 1.405 — 1.405 INDONESIA (RUPIAH) 14,885 ¥ 14,900 MALAVSIA (RINGGT) 4.498 ¥ 4.491	WORLD CURRENCIES SEPTEMBER 6, 2022 CLOSE PREVIOUS US\$/UK POUND 1.1564 1.1495 US\$/EURO 0.9934 0.9915 \$/Aust dollar 0.6763 0.6782 Canada dollar/US\$ 1.3137 1.3158 Swiss Franc/US\$ 0.9810 0.9833	DUBAL CRUDE OIL FUTURES PRICE ON HARREST HONTH OF DELIVERY 113.50 \$95.34/BBL 106.80 0 100.10 0 93.40 0 90.00 \$0.54 30 DAYS TO SEPTEMBER 5, 2022
VOL. XXXVI • ISSUE 31 WEDNESDAY • SEPTEMBER 7, 2022 • www.bworldonline.com S1/1-10 • 2 SECTIONS, 14 PAGE PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE'S 10 MOST ACTIVE STOCKS BY VALUE TURNOVER • SEPTEMBER 6, 2022 (PSEi snapshot on S1/2; article on S2/2) S1/1-10 • 2 SECTIONS, 14 PAGE						
ALI P29.900 SMC	P98.000 ICT P182.0				3.500 BPI P97.400	ABA P2.580

Inflation slows to 6.3% in August

P0.100

P188.702.120

-P16.000 🔻 -0.733%

By Abigail Marie P. Yraloa Researcher

P442.014.465

3.103%

P0.900

Value

-P1.250

P302,718,661

V -1.259%

Value

INFLATION eased to a two-month low of 6.3% in August, as the rise in food and transport costs slowed, the Philippine Statistics Authority (PSA) said on Tuesday.

But the surge in core inflation, which the PSA released for the first time in eight months after it shifted the base price to 2018, gives a hint that the worst is not over yet.

Preliminary data from the PSA showed the consumer price index (CPI) eased to 6.3% year on year in August, from the nearly fouryear high of 6.4% in July. It remained significantly higher than the 4.4% seen in August 2021.

P221,535,318

-P1.000 **▼** -0.546% P7.000

This was slightly lower than the 6.4% median estimate in a BusinessWorld poll conducted last week, but within the 5.9-6.7% forecast range of the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) for that month.

August marked the fifth consecutive month that inflation

went above the BSP's 2-4% target range.

Value

P213,524,755

0.805%

Last month's inflation print was the slowest in two months, or since the 6.1% in June.

Month on month, inflation rose 0.4%. Stripping out seasonality factors, month-on-month inflation also inched up 0.4% in August.

In the first eight months of 2022, inflation averaged 4.9%, faster than the 4% a year ago. This is still below the BSP's 54% fullvear inflation forecast.

At a press briefing, National Statistician Claire Dennis S. Mapa attributed the slowdown in headline inflation to transport costs as fuel retailers cut pump prices in the early part of August.

P186.159.445

▲ 0.277%

P186.074.655

-P0.100 **v** -0.481%

The transport index, which accounts for 9% of the CPI, eased to 14.6% year on year in August from 18.1% in July. This was attributed to the deceleration of prices of diesel (70.95% in August from 91.3% in July) and gasoline (31.2% from 45.4%).

The heavily weighted index for food and non-alcoholic beverages, which account for nearly 38% of the theoretical consumer basket, slowed to 6.3% year on year in August from 6.4% in July. The food-alone index likewise eased to 6.5% in August from 7.1% in the previous month.

P185,497,130

▲ 1.1**3**4%

P0.600

Mr. Mapa said this was due to the slower increase in prices of fish (7.2% in August from 9.2% in July), meat (9.6% from 9.9%) and vegetables (-2.7% from 5.6%).

However, inflation in sugar, confectionary and desserts rose to 26% in August from July's 17.6%,

as prices of refined sugar remained elevated due to a supply shortage.

Value

P0.090

P159.253.900

3.614%

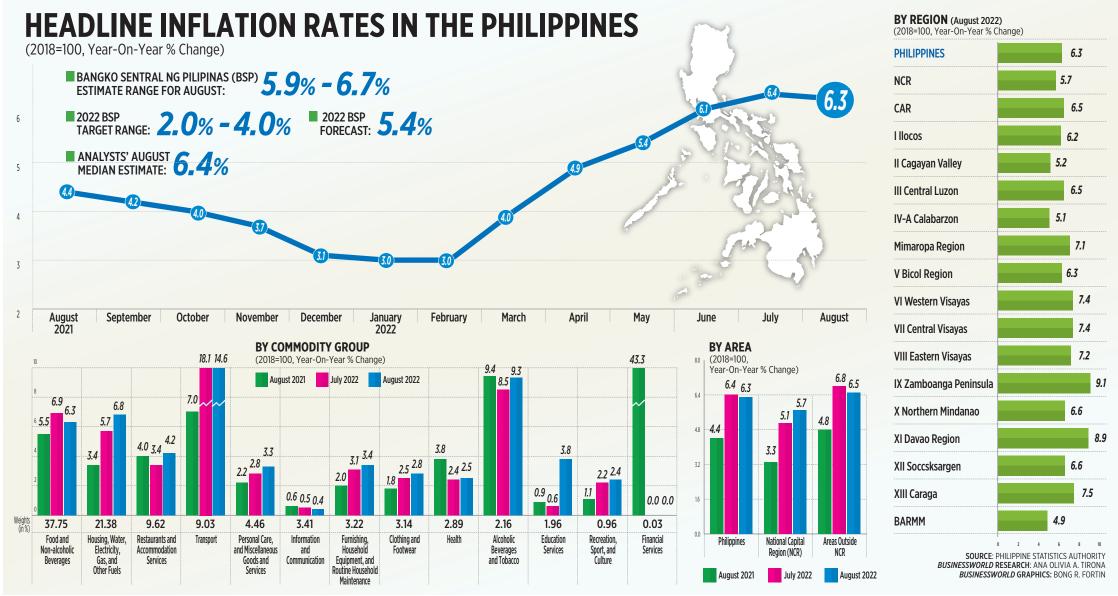
P174.695.02

▲ 0.464%

P0.450

Major commodity groups that saw higher inflation included alcoholic beverages and tobacco (9.3% in August from 8.5% in July), education services (3.8% from 6.4%), restaurants and accommodation services (4.2% from 3.4%), and clothing and footwear (2.8% from 2.5%).

Housing, water, electricity and gas saw a 6.8% inflation in August from 5.7% in July, mainly due to Inflation, S1/3



Impasse over WFH scheme may hurt PHL's position as IT-BPM destination

THE STALEMATE over the work-fromhome (WFH) arrangement of registered information technology and business process management (IT-BPM) firms may damage the Philippines' position as an investment destination, according to the head of an industry group.

IT and Business Process Association of the Philippines (IBPAP) President and Chief Executive Officer Jack Madrid on Tuesday said he found it "perplexing" that the Fiscal Incentives Review Board (FIRB) continues to insist that the extension of the 30% WFH arrangement for IT-BPM firms has no legal basis.

In a statement, he said the FIRB's stand is "short-sighted and inconsistent with the objective of attracting and retaining investors in the country's biggest job-generating industry and contributor of foreign exchange revenue."

"The long-standing impasse with the FIRB and its very public exchanges with PEZA (Philippine Economic Zone Authority) on the matter of WFH/hybrid work is not only detrimental to our narrative of industry agility, innovation and resilience, but also to our positioning of the Philippines as the IT-BPM investment destination of choice," Mr. Madrid said.

PEZA earlier approved in principle the extension of the arrangement that allows

IT-BPM companies to have 30% of its employees work from home and continue to enjoy fiscal incentives under Republic Act No. 11534 or the Corporate Recovery and Tax Incentives for Enterprises (CREATE) law.

Registered business enterprises (RBEs) are mandated to conduct their business within ecozones in order to avail themselves of tax incentives.

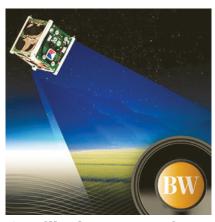
The FIRB, which is in charge of granting tax incentives to RBEs, has maintained there is no legal basis to extend the scheme until March 2023. It reiterated the WFH arrangement for IT-BPM firms is allowed only until Sept. 12, 2022.

"The IBPAP stands by the PEZA and its power to enable hybrid work for RBEs. This long-standing policy is irrefutable legal basis for the continuance of the 30% WFH arrangement for IT-BPM companies and the provisions of the PEZA law," Mr. Madrid said.

He noted the public spat between the FIRB and PEZA has detracted industry players from creating more jobs and generating much-needed foreign exchange revenues.

"This has been a recurring problem that has negatively impacted the ease of doing business in the country, as well as the confidence level of our principals and potential clients," Mr. Madrid said. WFH, S1/3

BUSINESSWORLD B-SIDE



Satellite imagery and food security

IN THIS B-SIDE EPISODE, Alice G. Laborte, a senior scientist at the

International Rice Research Institute (IRRI), explains to Businessworld reporter Patricia B. Mirasol how satellite imagery can make the farming industry more

resilient, especially in the face of climate change. >>> https://spoti.fi/3RDdi3Q

A NEWSPAPER IS A PUBLIC TRUST



Indonesia may export more coal, fertilizer to Philippines – Marcos

PRESIDENT Ferdinand R. Marcos, Jr. on Tuesday said he discussed the possibility of securing coal and fertilizer supply from Indonesia during his meeting with President Joko Widodo.

Mr. Marcos, who ended his state visit to Indonesia on Tuesday, said he "brought up" agriculture with Mr. Widodo because that's "a very important subject that needs to be discussed."

We talked about the possibility of them supplying us with fertilizer, with urea from Indonesia," he told reporters in Jakarta, based on a transcript provided by Malacañang.

As a net importer of fertilizer, the Philippines is vulnerable to global supply disruptions and price fluctuations.

Fertilizer prices have sharply increased in recent months as supply was affected by the Russia-Ukraine war. Russia is the world's biggest supplier of fertilizer.

The Philippines' primary sources of fertilizer imports from 2018 to 2021 are China (40.66%), Indonesia (16.70%), and Malaysia (12.20%), according to data from the Fertilizer and Pesticide Authority (FPA).

In July, Mr. Marcos said he would reach out to Indonesia, China, Russia, Malaysia, and the United Arab Emirates to secure cheaper fertilizer through government-to-government deals.

During his state visit, Mr. Marcos said he also asked Indonesia for assistance in strengthening the local fisheries sector.

"I also asked for help on fisheries because I am obsessed with the fact that the Philippines imports galunggong. I can't accept it," he said. "So I asked for help because their fisheries sector is stable.'

Mr. Marcos, 64, has promised to boost local food production and limit imports as much as possible. But experts said this would be challenged by elevated inflation and rising costs of farm inputs.

COAL IMPORTS

Mr. Marcos, who has vowed to pursue a shift to renewable energy, said the country is poised to secure more coal exports from Indonesia.

"There was a time a few weeks back where they stopped exporting coal. We asked them and they included us in the list. They would export coal to us," he said.

Indonesia, the world's largest exporter of coal, has implemented coal export bans to ensure there is enough domestic supply.

Mr. Marcos said he and Mr. Widodo also talked about the green energy shift, noting that coal is not seen as environmentally friendly.

He noted the state visit to Indonesia was "more productive than we had expected."

"I think the most extensive subject matter was in fact, PPP (public-private partnership). Because we are here to encourage PPPs with the Philippine government," Mr. Marcos said, adding that they also sought to encourage joint ventures between Philippine and Indonesian companies.

